

# **NEXT GENERATION**

TRUST COMPANY

CONTROL YOUR FUTURE, TODAY

**New Account Starter Kit** 

# Roth IRA

#### Address:

Next Generation Trust Company 401 E. 8th Street, Suite 200H Sioux Falls, SD 57103

Next Generation Services, LLC 75 Livingston Ave, Suite 304 Roseland, NJ 07068

Toll Free: (888) 857-8058 Phone: (973) 533-1880 Fax: (973) 533-1088

#### EMail:

Accounts@NextGenerationTrust.com

**Get Started Today!** 

Visit us on the web:

www.nextgenerationtrust.com

### **Application Checklist**

#### Complete Page 1: Don't forget to fill out your county, occupation, and please elect only **Step One:** one type of account to open. If you wish to open more than one account, please fill out a second application. Fill Out Pages 1-3 on the Complete Page 2: Don't forget to include the Social Security Number and birthday for **Application** any and all beneficiaries. Complete Page 3: Please sign and date on the bottom line. **Step Two:** ☐ Please elect the fee option you feel is best suited for your account. Choose a Fee Option on ☐ Elect an invoice option. ☐ Sign and Date on the bottom line. the Fee Schedule Fill out your name and the date. Bring this form to a notary. Have them witness your signature on the line requesting **Step Three:** client signature, unless you are using Right Sign. Client Release Form ☐ Have a notary sign and stamp the bottom portion, unless you are using Right Sign. Transfer Form: This form is for transferring funds from an existing Roth IRA to a Roth IRA with Next Generation. Please note that your current custodian may request a **Step Four:** medallion stamp guarantee to process the transfer form. Please check your current Fund Your Account via custodian requirements and include an account statement. Transfer/Rollover/ Rollover Form: Please fill out our form for internal use only. Clients will be responsible Contribution for initiating rollovers from their current custodian. To avoid taxes, complete the rollover within 60 days of the distribution date. Contribution: If contributing to your account, please make sure you make the check (Note: One or more may apply) payable to Next Generation TC FBO Client Name IRA ####. Note the contribution year in the memo section. ☐ Make a copy of your non-expired, government issued photo identification. **Step Five:** ☐ Please make sure the copy is clear and legible. Make a Copy of Your If you have a different address than the one on your ID, please attach a current Tax Photo ID bill, banking statement, utility bill, or Rental Agreement signifying proof of address. ☐ Fill out the Interested Party Designation form to allow another person, other than **Step Six:** yourself, to obtain account information. Fill out the Additional Fill out the Limited Power of Attorney form to allow another person, other than your-**Optional Forms** self, to obtain account information and conduct transactions on behalf of the account. ☐ Make a check out for the \$50 setup fee and the appropriate administration fee (based on your elected fee option) payable to: Next Generation Trust Company or Final Step: Fill out a Credit Card Authorization Form (note: we do not accept American Express). Pay Your Fees and Submit ☐ Mail Original Documents to: Next Generation Services the Completed Packet 75 Livingston Avenue, Suite 304 Roseland, NJ 07068 Administrative review will be between two and five business days depending on the complexity if the transaction and our volume in the transaction queue. ☐ Transactions are scheduled in the order in which they are received. Please expect **Please Note:** transactions to be completed in two business days after receipt of original, correct **Processing Times and** documents AND cleared funding. ☐ Clearing times: Wire (24 hours), ACH/Money Order/Certified Check (2 business Other Information days), Check (5 business days)

please visit the Client Forms section of our website.

For help filling out these documents, please call the office. For investment documents,

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

### **APPLICATION**



NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088 For Office Use Only: Account # PERSONAL INFORMATION Mr. Mrs. Ms. Dr. Legal Name (required) Residential Address (required) \_\_\_\_\_ Single City, State, Zip \_\_\_\_\_ Married City, State, Zip Preferred Method of Contact: County (required) \_\_\_\_\_ Phone \_\_\_\_ Occupation (required) Fax Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY) Cell Email Social Security Number (Required) PLEASE TELL US HOW YOU HEARD ABOUT US: ☑ Web ☑ Ad ☑ Article ☑ Event \_\_\_\_\_ ☑ Referred By \_\_\_\_\_ Promo Code \_\_\_\_\_ Other CHOOSE TYPE OF ACCOUNT: Please check only one box. Traditional IRA Roth IRA SEP IRA (Please attach 5305 SEP Form.) Name of Business: Simple IRA (Please attach 5305 Simple Form.) Name of Business: Beneficiary IRA (Please mail or hand deliver original, certified copy of death certificate.) Name of Deceased: Your Relationship to the Deceased: IRA Type: Traditional Roth SEP Simple Health Savings Account Self-only Coverage Family Coverage Type:

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058 **APPLICATION** 



PLEASE INDICATE FUNDIN	IG METHOD: (Check all that a	rpply.)	
Annual Contribution	Transfer	Indirect Rollover	Direct Rollover
Tax year of Contribution:		Take receipt of the assets for up to	Rollover from Employer
Please attach deposit coupon.	Please attach transfer form.	60 days before redepositing into a new retirment plan. Please attach rollover form.	Sponsored Plan. Please attach rollover form.
PLEASE INDICATE BENEFI	CIARIES:		
I,	(required to	list name), designate the person(s) named b	pelow as the Primary and/or Contingent
event of my demise, Primary Beneficiaries Primary Beneficiaries pre-decease me, Cont designated). A Primary or Contingent bene beneficiary does not survive me. In such ca	who survive me shall receive the assi- tingent Beneficiaries who survive me s eficiary's interest and the interest of su- uses, the share for any remaining Prima	neficiary if the Primary or Contingent box is ets of the account in equal shares (or in the shall receive the assets of the account in eq ch beneficiary's heirs shall terminate complet- ing or Contingent Beneficiary shall be increas the account shall be distributed to my estate	ne specified shares, as designated). If all qual shares (or in the specified shares, as ely, in the event that the aforementioned ed on a pro rata basis. In the event that
Primary Contingent			
Name		SSN	
		Relationship	
City, State, Zip		Date of Birth	
		Share	
If I named a Beneficiary which is a Trust	, I understand I must supply a copy	or abstract of the Trust.	
Primary Contingent			
		SSN	
		Relationship	
,		Date of Birth	
		Share	
If I named a Beneficiary which is a Trust	, I understand I must supply a copy	or abstract of the Irust.	
Primary Contingent			
		SSN	
		Relationship	
,		Date of Birth	
Email		Share	
·	, i understand i must supply a copy	or abstract of the trust.	
Primary Contingent		CCNI	
Name			
		Relationship	
,		Date of Birth	
If I named a Beneficiary which is a Trust		or abstract of the Trust	
. ,		or abstract of the trust.	
ACCOUNT OWNER SIGNAT			
	npany. Next Generation Services is	ing the Change of Beneficiary form and s located at 75 Livingston Ave. Ste 304, Ro Date	
SPOUSAL CONSENT: (Only re	equired if your spouse is not the pri	mary beneficiary—see note below.)	
Beneficiary with 100% share.	,	roperty State and your spouse has not b _ (name of spouse) hereby approve the a	, ,
Signature of Spouse		Date	

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

### **APPLICATION**



NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

#### APPOINTMENT OF CUSTODIAN, INVESTMENT DIRECTION AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES:

Your signature is required. Please read before signing. The account holder shown on the front of this application must read this agreement carefully and sign and date this part. By signing this applica-

#### **Appointment**

I appoint Next Generation Trust Company as the Custodian of my Account ("Custodian"), and understand and acknowledge that the Custodial Plan Agreement and my Application are my agreement with the Custodian. Next Generation Services, LLC ("Administrator") is the Administrator to the Custodian. The Administrator may change the custodian to any institution permitted by law or as instructed by the undersigned. Written direction is understood to also include a facsimile signature. The account is established for the exclusive benefit of the Account holder or his/her beneficiaries.

#### **Adequate Information**

I acknowledge that I have received a copy of the Custodial/Plan Agreement, Disclosure Statement and the Fee Disclosure. I understand that the terms and conditions that apply to this Account are contained in these documents. I agree to be bound by those terms and conditions. If this is an IRA, within 7 days from the date the account application is signed, it may be revoked without penalty by mailing or delivering a written notice to the Custodian/Administrator.

#### Responsibility for Tax Consequences

I assume all responsibility for any taxes and/or penalties that may result from making contributions to, transactions within and distributions from my Account. I attest that I am authorized and I am of legal age to establish this Account and make investments permitted under the Custodial/Plan Agreement offered by the Custodian/Administrator.

I assume complete responsibility for:

- I) Determining that I am eligible for a transaction that I direct the Custodian/Administrator to make on behalf of my account;
- 2) Ensuring that all contributions made are within the limits set by current tax laws; and,
- 3) The taxes of any contribution (including rollover contributions and distributions).

I attest under penalties of perjury:

- I) That I have provided you with my correct Social Security or Tax I.D. Number; and,
- 2) That I am not subject to backup withholding because I am exempt from backup withholding; or, I have not been notified by the IRS that I am subject to backup withholding; or, the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding.

You must cross out #2 if you have been notified by the IRS that you are now subject to backup withholding because of under reporting interest or dividends on your tax return.

Except as stated above, we will not release information about you to others unless you or someone you have authorized, in writing, have consented and/or instructed us to do so, or we are required by law or other regulatory authority.

The IRS does not require your consent to any provision of this document other than the certification required to avoid backup withholding.

Until I change or revoke this designation, I hereby instruct the Custodian/Administrator to follow the investment directions that I will provide in investing and reinvesting the principal and interest, as confirmed by directions in writing to the Administrator from the undersigned for this account or other custodial account for which the Administrator serves as record keeper. The Custodian is authorized to accept written and/or verbal direction that is confirmed in writing by the undersigned, authorized party, or by the Administrator. Written direction is understood to also include facsimile signature

This account is established for the exclusive benefit of the Account holder or his/her beneficiaries. In taking action based on this authorization the Custodian/Administrator may act solely on the written instruction or representation of the Account holder or authorized party.

I expressly certify that I take complete responsibility for the type of investments which I choose to purchase within this account. I agree to release, indemnify, defend and hold the Custodian/Administrator harmless from any and all claims, including, but not limited to, actions, liabilities, losses, penalties, fines and/or third party claims, arising out of my account and/or in connection with any action taken on the reliance upon my written instructions and/or representations, or in the exercise of any right, power or duty of Custodian/Administrator, its agents and/or assigns. The Custodian/Administrator may deduct from the account any amounts they are entitled for reimbursement under the foregoing hold harmless provision. I acknowledge and understand that the Custodian/Administrator shall have no responsibility or fiduciary role whatsoever related to or in connection with this account in taking any action related to any purchase, sale or exchange instructed by the undersigned or the undersigned authorized agents, including but not limited to suitability, compliance with any state or federal law or regulation, income or expense, or preservation of capital or income. For purposes of this paragraph, the terms Custodian and Administrator include Next Generation Trust Company/ Next Generation Services, LLC, its agents, assigns, joint venturers and/or business partners

In the event of claims made by others related to my account and/or investments where the Custodian/ Administrator is a named party, the Custodian/Administrator shall have the unequivocal right at their sole discretion to appoint and select their own attorneys to represent them in such actions and deduct from my account any amounts to pay for any costs and expenses, including, but not limited to, all attorneys' fees, other costs and internal costs (collectively "Litigation Costs"), incurred by the Custodian/Administrator in the defense of such claims and/or litigation. If there are insufficient funds in my account to cover the Litigation Costs incurred by the Custodian/Administrator, on their demand, I will immediately reimburse the Custodian/Administrator any outstanding balance of the Litigation Costs. If I fail to immediately reimburse the Litigation Costs, the Custodian/Administrator shall have the unequivocal right to freeze my assets, liquidate my assets, and/or initiate legal action to obtain full reimbursement of the Litigation Costs. I also understand and agree that the Custodian/Administrator will not be responsible to take any action should there be any default with regard to this investment.

I understand that no one at the Custodian/Administrator has authority to agree to anything different than the above listed understandings of the Custodian's/Administrator's policy. For purposes of this paragraph, the terms Custodian and Administrator include Next Generation Trust Company/ Next Generation Services, LLC, its agents, assigns, joint venturers and/or business partners.

In executing transfers, it is understood and agreed that I will not hold the Custodian/Administrator liable or responsible for anything done or omitted in the administration, custody or investments of the account prior to the date they shall complete their respective acceptance as successor custodian and administrator and shall be in possession of all of the assets, nor shall they have any duty or responsibility to inquire into or take any action with respect to any acts performed by the prior Custodian, or Administrator.

If any provision of this Application is found to be illegal, invalid, void or unenforceable, such provision shall be severed and such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions, which shall remain in full force and effect.

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Important Information for Opening a New Account} \\ \textbf{To comply with the USA PATRIOT ACT, we have adopted a Customer Identification Pro-} \\ \end{array}$ gram. All new accounts must provide a copy of an unexpired, photo-bearing, government-issued identification (driver's license or passport). The copy must be readable so we can verify the client's name, driver's license number or state issued ID number.

#### **Our Privacy Policy**

You have chosen to do business with the Custodian/Administrator named on the Account Application. As our client, the privacy of your personal non-public information is very important to us. We value our customer relationships and we want you to understand the protections we provide in regard to your account(s) with us.

#### Information We May Collect

We collect non-public personal information about you from the following sources to conduct business with you:

- Information we receive from you on applications or other forms;
  Information about your transactions with us, or others;

Non-public personal information is non-public information about you that we may obtain in connection with providing financial products or services to you. This could include information you give us from account applications, account balances, and account history.

#### Information We May Share

We do not sell or disclose any non-public information about you to anyone, except as permitted by law or as specifically authorized by you. We do not share non-public personal information with our affiliates or other providers without prior approval by you. Federal law allows us to share information with providers that process and service your accounts. All providers of services in connection with the Custodian/Administrator have agreed to the Custodian's/Administrator's confidentiality and security policies. If you decide to close your account(s) or become an inactive customer, we will adhere to the privacy policies and practices as described in this notice.

#### Confidentiality and Security

We restrict access to non-public personal information to those employees who need to know that information to provide products and services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural guidelines that comply with federal standards to guard your non-public personal information. The Custodian/Administrator reserves the right to revise this notice and will notify you of any changes in advance. If you have any questions regarding this policy, please contact us at the address or telephone number listed on the application.

acknowledge receipt of a Fee Disclosure and receipt of the Custodial/Plan Agreement and Disclosure Statement and agree to abide by their terms as currently in effect or as they may be amended from time to time, I understand that failure to submit a signed Fee Disclosure will result in fees calculated "based on value of account" (See Fee Disclosure).

I declare that I have examined this document, including all accompanying information, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct and complete. I acknowledge I have read the Fee Disclosure, the Plan/Custodial Agreement and Account Disclosure Statement and agree to abide by their terms as currently in effect or as they may be amended from time to time. If you would like to give permission to another individual to access your account information (such as your spouse or other individual), you will need to complete the Limited Power of Attorney form or Interested Party Designation form.

PLEASE PRINT, SIGN AND MAIL THIS FORM TO NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068.

Signature of Account Owner _	Date	
-		

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

Directions: Please check only one box.

### **FEE SCHEDULE**



NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

TRANSACTION FEES:

ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION FEE: DETERMINE THE BEST FEE OPTION FOR YOU. ACCOUNT SET UP FEE: \$50 FOR PAPER APPLICATION \$25 FOR ELECTRONIC APPLICATION IN ADDITION TO MINIMUM ANNUAL FEE DUE, EITHER \$325 (OPTION 1) OR \$196 (OPTION 2)

	E: FEE BASED	ON NUMBER OF	ASSETS	Purchase, Sale, Exchange, or Re-registration of any domestic asset: \$100
Annual recordkeeping fee is \$325 per asset and/or liability per year.		ility per year.	Purchase, Sale, Exchange, or Re-registration of any international asset: \$125	
Each additional ass	Each additional asset is paid at the time of acquisition. Minimum annual		nimum annual	Further Funding an existing asset: \$50
		m fee will be applied		Partial Redemption or Liquidation Request: \$50
		ear. Account will be		Transaction for a Real Estate Deposit: \$25
		ng. Please note that o	debt financing	Outgoing Checks: \$5 each
on an asset is char	-			Cashier's or other Official Bank Check: \$25
Precious metal ass	et is reduced to \$	100/asset		Wire Transfers (Domestic): \$30
OPTION TWO	D: FFF BASED	ON ACCOUNT \	/ALUF	Wire Transfers (International): \$50
		n that your account is		<ul><li>Outgoing ACH: \$30</li><li>Rush fee for expedited transaction processing or review services within</li></ul>
Account Value	Quarterly Rate	Account Value	Quarterly Rate	the same day or next day may apply. Discuss further with a representative.
up to \$9,999	\$49	\$75,000-\$99,999	\$179	Partial Termination, transfers out to another custodian and/or non qualified
\$10,000-\$19,999	\$59	\$100,000-\$149,999	\$209	distribution, \$100. Applicable transaction fees will apply for assets being
\$20,000-\$29,999	\$75	\$150,000-\$199,999	\$249	transferred or distributed in-kind.
\$30,000-\$39,999	\$95	\$200,000-\$249,999	\$299	Full Termination resulting in zero balance is \$250, but does not include     This is all idea lurge sure distributions and transfers outs
\$40,000-\$49,999	\$115	\$250,000-\$499,999	\$399	normal distributions. This includes lump sum distributions and transfer outs, but does not include required minimum distributions. Applicable transaction
\$50,000-\$59,999	\$129	\$500,000+	\$499	fees will apply for assets being transferred or distributed in-kind. Annual
\$60,000-\$74,999	\$149			recordkeeping fees are not prorated when an account closes.
<ul><li>Access to regular/e</li><li>Normal eligible dis</li></ul>			Account Access I tax reporting	<ul><li>Annual statements mailed</li><li>Quarterly statements emailed</li></ul>
RELATED EXP	ENSES:			
<ul><li>Returned items of</li><li>Reprocessing of i</li><li>Special Services, s</li><li>Express Mail: \$30</li><li>Invoice Reproces</li></ul>	of any kind and sto ncomplete docum such as research o minimum, depen sing for late paym	f closed assets or acceptant on destination and ents: \$25.	r item. 5 per reprocessir counts, research and speed.	ng, plus applicable fees. Discuss further with a representative. for legal issues, or special handling of transactions: \$150 per hour. initial here This charge is incurred annually.
BILLING OPTIC	NS: Please check	only one box.		
the time of transaction deducted from your u your Plan and Trust Di	<ul> <li>Annual recordkeninvested balance.</li> <li>isclosure.</li> </ul>	eeping fees are billed If there are insufficie	as specified abov nt funds in your a	deducted from your undirected cash balance. All transaction fees are due at ve. You may prepay fees at any time. If not paid by the due date, fees will be account, we may liquidate other assets to pay for such fees in accordance with ur administration fees.
Please check if you	u would like to ha	ve fees charged to y	our credit card. F	Please attach credit card authorization form. No invoice will be mailed.
SIGNATURE:				
	est effort to notify			t of your application, custodial fees are part of the plan and trust disclosure. Edule within a 30 day notice by posting the information on our website at
In accordance with you	Account Application	on, this Fee Disclosure	is part of your agi	reement with the Custodian/Administrator and must accompany your application.
Printed Name				

Signature \_

\_ Date

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058 CLIENT RELEASE FORM



**NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC,** 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

C	LIE	NT RELEASE: This form is required when establishing an	account. Mail form to Next Generation Services.
This	Rele	ease, dated	, is given
By t	he Re	eleaser	, referred to as "You,"
		KT GENERATION TRUST COMPANY, 401 E. 8th Streets, LLC 75 Livingston Ave., Ste. 304, Roseland, NJ 07068, ref	et, Suite 200H, Sioux Falls, SD 57103, referred to as "NGTC" and NEXT GENERATION ferred to as "NGS".
lf m	ore th	han one person signs this release, ''You'' shall mean each pe	erson who signs this Release.
١.			ot approve investments for your Retirement Plan. NGTC/NGS is strictly a neutral holder of your nue Service Regulation Title 26, Section 4975 and are familiar with the prohibited transactions listed
2.	Release if the RELI GAG OF Y	ere is information you have not provided to NGTC/NGS which EASE AND GIVE UP ANY AND ALL CLAIMS AND RIGHTS W GE IN, OR BE ACCUSED OF ENGAGING IN, A PROHIBITED WHICH YOU ARE NOT AWARE AND THOSE NOT MENTI	ervice in the event that you engage in prohibited transaction(s). you direct NGTC/NGS to make on behalf of your self-directed retirement plan, and could not know h would make NGTC/NGS inform you that you may be engaging in a prohibited transaction, YOU WHICH YOU MAY HAVE AGAINST NGTC/NGS SHOULD YOU ENGAGE IN, APPEAR TO EN DITRANSACTION UNDER THE IRS CODE. THIS RELEASES ALL CLAIMS, INCLUDING THOSI TIONED IN THIS RELEASE. NGTC/NGS HAS NO OBLIGATION TO PROVIDE A DEFENSE OF ENALTY, JUDGMENT OR SETTLEMENT RESULTING FROM A CLAIM RAISED UNDER THE IRST
	a.	ship agreement, or any other similar agreement regarding the	and approve the subscription agreement, operating agreement, by-laws, limited or general partner purchase or operation of any entity or investment you want to invest in. You are solely responsible rate in a way that does or may lead to a prohibited transaction under Internal Revenue Code Section
	b.	You understand and agree that you are also solely responsible and you indemnify and hold harmless NGTC/NGS, its officers value of your Retirement Plan's investment in the entity because	e for making sure that the Retirement Plan has adequate funds for any future mandatory capital calls, directors, shareholders and employees against any liability associated with a loss or diminution in use of a failure to meet a future mandatory capital call.
	C.	Income Tax (UBIT) as a result of its investment in any entity o prepare or cause to be prepared IRS Form 990T for filing. You Plan, and you indemnify and hold harmless NGTC/NGS, its off	to tax advice regarding the possibility that your Retirement Plan may be subject to Unrelated Business or other investment. If your Retirement Plan owes UBIT on its investment in an entity, you agree to ou understand and agree that any UBIT owed must come from funds belonging to the Retirement efficers, directors, shareholders and employees against any liability associated with a failure to prepare elonging to the Retirement Plan. If UBIT is owed the IRA must get it's own EIN#.
	d.	You represent that you have done your own due diligence on	n any company you want to invest in, or any other investment you want to make.
	e.	to check the financial strength of the company, nor do we che Securities and Exchange Commission, the Better Business Bure	npt to evaluate any company you want to invest in. For example, NGTC/NGS makes no attempeck with the Secretary of State to see if the company is in good standing, nor do we check with the eau or any other governmental or non-governmental agency to see if any complaints have been filed to 100% responsible for evaluating any company and any investment.
	f.		of its officers, directors, shareholders or employees are associated in any way with any company its officers, directors, shareholders or employees have given you any investment, legal or tax advice
	g.	You agree to indemnify and hold harmless NGTC/NGS, its o Plan investment in any company, entity, or other investment.	officers, directors, shareholders and employees against any liability associated with your Retiremen
3. 4. 5.	cons Who	sideration of you signing this release, NGTC/NGS will provide the is Bound. You are bound by this Release. Anyone who sucund. This Release is made for the benefit of NGTC/NGS and all natures. You understand and agree to the terms of this Release.	NGTC/NGS will not accept you as a client, and you are free to seek the services of other firms. In the services of our company and we will rely upon the promises in this release.  Sceeds to your rights and responsibilities, such as your heirs or the executor of your estate, is also I who succeed to our rights and responsibilities.  If this Release is made by a corporation its proper corporate officers sign and its corporate seal is
Thi			
11113	i veie	ase is given by: Signature of Client	Account Number
		CERTIFICATION REQUIRED	
		DF	
CO	UNT	Y OF	
I (	RTIEV	Y that on	20

© Next Generation Trust Company 2019 Rev 08/19

Signature of Notary

personally came before me and acknowledged under oath, to my satisfaction, that this person (or if more than one person):
a) is named in and personally signed this document; and b) signed, sealed and delivered this document as his or her act and deed.

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

### CREDIT CARD AUTHORIZATION FORM



PERSONAL INFORMATION:	
Account Holder Name	Next Generation Account #
Cardholder Name (if different)	
Cardholder Billing Address	
City, State, Zip	
Telephone Number	Email Address
CREDIT CARD INFORMATION:	
Card Type: Please check ONLY ONE Option  MasterCard Discover Visa Please Note: We  Credit Card Number: /	cannot accept American Express.We apologize for any inconvenience this may cause.  /  CCV: (Last three digits on back of card)
<ul> <li>Keep card on file for all fees (no invoice will be sent)</li> <li>One time charge in the amount of \$</li> </ul>	
SIGNATURE: Please securely email, fax, or mail this form to Next Generat	ion Services.
I, the undersigned, authorize that these charges will appear on my credit card staten payment of this order. I further agree that this authorization will remain in effect un	nent under the name Next Generation Trust Company and I accept full financial responsibility for til I revoke it in writing.
Account Holder Signature:	Date:

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

#### **INTERESTED PARTY**



PERSONAL INFORMATION:	
Account Holder Name:	Next Generation Account #:
INTERESTED PARTY DESIGNATION:	
	er, financial planner, attorney, etc) to receive information about your account. Please note that this information, however they will not be permitted to make changes to your account. Please nail, or secure email.
Name of Interested Party	
Interested Party Address	
City, State, Zip	
Contact Number	Fax Number
Email Address	
Please check ONE or BOTH Options: Please provide Interests	ested Party online access Please send duplicate statements
Services (Administrator). I understand that neither the Custodian (Next "fiduciary" for my account and/or my investment as such terms are defines, indemnify, defend and hold the Custodian/Administrator harmle fines, attorney's fees and/or third party claims arising out of and/or in coprovision shall survive any Termination of this Designation. In the even and/or Administrator are named as a party, Custodian and/or Administrator was attorney's fees and costs and internal costs (collectively "Litigation in my account to cover the Litigation Costs incurred by Custodian and reimburse Custodian and/or Administrator the outstanding balance of the and/or Administrator shall have the full and unequivocal right to freeze the reimbursement of the Litigation Costs. I also understand and agree the should there be any default with regard to this investment. If any protorovision shall be severed and such illegality or invalidity shall not affect	_
Account Holder Signature:	Date:

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

# LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY FORM



PERSONAL INFORMATION:	
Account Holder Name:	Next Generation Account #:
LIMITED POWER OF ATTOR	IEY:
direct transfer or distributions, or to make o	thorize a third party to conduct all transactions (with the exceptions noted) in your account. This designation may not be used to anges to beneficiary designations. This section applies <b>ONLY</b> to Next GenerationTC forms and documents. Please complete ginal to Next Generation Services at 75 Livingston Avenue, Suite 304, Roseland, NJ 07068.
Name of Attorney-In-Fact	
Attorney-In-Fact Address	
City, State, Zip	
	Fax Number
Email Address	
Please check ONLY ONE Option:	Please provide Attorney-In-Fact online access Please send duplicate statements
Signature of Attorney-In-Fact:_	
<b>SIGNATURE:</b> Please mail this form to I	ext Generation Services.
Services (Administrator). I understand tha "fiduciary" for my account and/or my inve- release, indemnify, defend and hold the Co- fines, attorney's fees and/or third party cla- brovision shall survive any Termination of and/or Administrator are named as a part own attorneys to represent them in such land to to, all attorney's fees and costs and interna- tion my account to cover the Litigation Cost reimburse Custodian and/or Administrator and/or Administrator shall have the full a reimbursement of the Litigation Costs. I should there be any default with regard to	count Holder provides revocation in writing to Next Generation Trust Company (Custodian) or Next Generation neither the Custodian (Next Generation Trust Company) nor the Administrator (Next Generation Services) is a sment as such terms are defined in the IRC, ERISA and/or any applicable federal, state or local laws. I agree to stodian/Administrator harmless from any claims, including, but not limited to actions, liabilities, losses, penalties, ms arising out of and/or in connection with their reliance on this Designation. This indemnity and hold harmless his Designation. In the event of claims by others related to my account and/or investment wherein Custodian accustodian and/or Administrator shall have the full and unequivocal right at their sole discretion to select their igation and deduct from my account any amounts to pay for any costs and expenses, including, but not limited costs (collectively "Litigation Costs") incurred by Custodian and/or Administrator. If there are insufficient funds incurred by Custodian and/or Administrator, I will promptly the outstanding balance of the Litigation Costs. If I fail to promptly reimburse the Litigation Costs, Custodian dunequivocal right to freeze my assets, liquidate my assets, and/or initiate legal action in order to obtain full lso understand and agree that the Custodian and/or Administrator will not be responsible to take any action this investment. If any provision of this Designation is found to be illegal, invalid, void or unenforceable, such yor invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions, which shall remain in full force and effect.
Account Holder Signature:	Date:
NOTARY CERTIFICATION REQUI	RED
STATE OF	
COUNTY OF	
personally came before me and acknow	ledged under oath, to my satisfaction, that this person (or if more than one person): document; and b) signed, sealed and delivered this document as his or her act and deed.
Signature of Notary	 (Seal Here)

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

#### TRANSFER FORM



**NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC**, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

- Move assets directly from one custodian to another custodian without personally initiating the movement.
- Do not use this form to make a direct rollover. Please use the Rollover Form.

If you wish to liquidate any assets as part of your transfer to NGTC ensure that the liquidation process is completed PRIOR to completing this form. Transfer of your funds may be delayed if this step is not taken. Please note: Fees may apply from resigning custodian.

Please return this form to Next Generation Services, the Administrator of your plan. This form instructs the Custodian or Trustee of your current/resigning plan to transfer your assets to Next Generation Trust Company. Next Generation Services will arrange this transfer on your behalf.

PERSONAL INFORMATION:			
Account Holder Name Next Generation Account #			
Legal Address (required)			
City, State, Zip			
	Social Security Number (Required)		
CURRENT CUSTODIAN/TRUSTEE: Where your funds are currently. Express de	eliveries cannot be made to a PO Box.		
Name of Custodian/Trustee	e of Custodian/Trustee Account Number		
Office Address			
City, State, Zip			
Telephone Number	Contact Name —		
TYPE OF ACCOUNT TO BE TRANSFERRED/ELIGIBILITY: Must transf	er to the same type of account at Next Generation Trust Company.		
I am transferring <b>FROM</b> the following type of plan (select one):	I am transferring <b>TO</b> the following type of plan (select one):		
Traditional Roth SEP Beneficiary IRA	☐ Traditional ☐ Roth ☐ SEP ☐ Beneficiary IRA		
SIMPLE ESA HSA	SIMPLE ESA HSA		
I am an eligible person to perform this transaction (select one):			
Non-spouse Beneficiary of Account Spouse Beneficiary of Account	ount Coverdell Responsible Individual		
☐ IRA Holder ☐ HSA Account Owner	Ex-spouse		
TYPE OF ASSET TO BE TRANSFERRED: Indicate whether this is A. COMPLE	TE Transfer OR B. PARTIAL Transfer.		
If liquidation of assets is required, you must instruct your current Custodian to liquidate PRIOR investments or assets on your behalf. <b>All transfer forms MUST</b> be accompanied by a current			
COMPLETE TRANSFER to my IRA. Please check only one option below Generation Trust Company IRA.	v, indicating what assets you would like to transfer to your Next		
Cash. Please submit \$ (required) in cash to Ne	xt Generation Trust Company.		
	eneration TC FBO (Client Name) IRA		
In Kind Asset Transfer & Cash. For transfer of illiquid assets IN KIND	) (Real Estate, LLCs, Private Stock, Notes, etc.). <b>VILL</b> apply, though, so please contact a Next Generation representative.		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ation TC FBO (Client Name) IRA		
PARTIAL TRANSFER to my IRA. Please check all that apply below, indic Trust Company IRA.	ating what assets you would like to transfer to your Next Generation		
Cash. Please submit \$ (required) in cash to Ne	ct Generation Trust Company.		
Please make checks payable to: Next G	eneration TC FBO (Client Name) IRA		
In Kind Asset Transfer. For transfer of illiquid assets IN KIND (Real Est	ate, LLCs, Private Stock, Notes, etc.).  VILL apply, though, so please contact a Next Generation representative.		
	ation TC FBO (Client Name) IRA		

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

### **TRANSFER FORM**



Asset Description	Amount (\$)
Asset Description	Amount (4)
	L
<b>DELIVERY INSTRUCTIONS:</b> Next Generation Services will attach instructions for	r resigning custodian.
a. How would you like us to send this transfer request to your current resign	ing custodian? (Please note, not all custodians accept faxed transfer forms.)
Mail Express Delivery (\$30 fee)	x (please provide number)
b. How would you like your cash sent from your current resigning custodian	n to Next Generation Trust Company?
Mail/Check Electronic/Wire (\$30 fee)	
c. If you have selected express services above, how would you like to pay for	r those services? (Fees are due at the time services are rendered.)
Check Credit Card Deduct from Acco	ount (You must have cash available prior to transfer.)
SIGNATURE AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: This does not constitute a direct	t rollover.
and instruct Next Generation Trust Company to execute such a transaction employees/representatives of Next Generation Trust Company/Next Generation that authority to agree to anything other than what is contained in Transfer Authorization.  Account Holder Signature  Date	ration Services do
For Office Use Only:	
Acceptance of Receiving Custodian  Pursuant to a limited written delegation, Next Generation Tr  Generation Services to sign this form on the Custodian's behalf to verify the Cupon their receipt, to the Account established by Next Generation Trust Com  GATIONS TO YOU AS IT ONLY ACTS AS CUSTODIAN OF YOUR FUNDS WITH NO  Next Generation Trust Company	Custodian's acceptance of the transfer described above and apply proceeds, pany on your behalf. CUSTODIAN ASSUMES NO FIDUCIARY OR TRUST OBLI-
Authorized Signatory  Account Number	 Date
Type of Account: Traditional Roth SEP SIMPLE	ESA HSA Beneficiary IRA

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058 **ROLLOVER FORM** 



NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

This form is required to document the rollover of your asset to Next Generation Trust Company. You must contact your former/resigning Custodian/Administrator to roll over your plan. Next Generation Trust Company will not initiate this rollover. Return this form to Next Generation Services.

PERSONAL INFORMATION:	
Account Holder Name	Next Generation Account #
Legal Address (required)	
City, State, Zip	
Telephone Number	Social Security Number (Required)
YOUR FUNDS ARE CURRENTLY/FORMERLY	HELD AT:
Name of Custodian/Trustee	Account Number
Contact Name	Telephone Number
Address	
City, State, Zip	
INDICATE THE TYPE OF PLAN YOU ARE ROL	LING OVER FROM:
☐ Traditional IRA ☐ Roth IRA ☐ SEP IRA	SIMPLE IRA
ESA HSA Beneficial	ry IRA Other Qualified Plan
VERIFY THAT YOU ARE ELIGIBLE TO PERFO	RM THIS TRANSACTION: Please select ONLY one.
I am an eligible person to perform this transaction (select one):	
Plan Participant Spouse Beneficiary Non-spouse Bene	ficiary Responsible Individual (for Coverdell ESAs) Ex-spouse
Either Part I or 2 must be selected and not both	
PART I. ROLLOVER FROM ANOTHER IRA (OF	R ANOTHER SIMPLE IRA)
I certify that the following statements are true and correct.	
<ul> <li>beneficiary, or in the case of a distribution from an IRA due to f the first time home, this rollover contribution is being m</li> <li>During the 12-month period prior to my receipt of the dist subsequently rolled over to another IRA. (This rule does rabove).</li> <li>I am not rolling over any required minimum distributions w</li> <li>If this rollover contribution represents a distribution from a</li> </ul>	my receipt of funds from another IRA, in which I was either the participant or surviving spouse to a first time homebuyer which is being rolled into this IRA because of a delay in the acquisition ade within I20 days after my receipt of funds from the distributing IRA. tribution being rolled over, I have not received a rollover distribution from any IRA which was not apply to a delay in the acquisition of a residence for a first time homebuyer as discussed ith respect to the distributing IRA plan.  SIMPLE IRA and I have not participated in my Employer's SIMPLE Plan for 2 years, this rollover Employee First Participated in original SIMPLE IRA:
PART II. ROLLOVER/DIRECT ROLLOVER FROM	OM AN EMPLOYER PLAN

#### I certify that the following statements are true and correct.

- The undersigned certifies that my employer's qualified plan, qualified annuity, 403(b) plan, governmental 457(b) plan, or the Federal Employee's Thrift Savings Plan has made or will make an Eligible Rollover Distribution which is either being paid in a Direct Rollover to the Custodian or Trustee of my IRA, or, if I am the participant or the surviving spouse, paid directly to me which I am rolling over no later than the 60th day after receiving the Eligible Rollover Distribution.
- This Rollover/Direct Rollover is not part of a series of payments over my life expectancy(ies) or over a period of 10 years or more.
- This Rollover/Direct Rollover does not include any required minimum distributions with respect to the employer's plan.
- This Rollover/Direct Rollover does not include a hardship distribution, an unforeseeable emergency distribution, a corrective distribution, or a deemed distribution of a defaulted loan from any employer's plan.
- I certify that I am eligible to establish an IRA with this Rollover/Direct Rollover of an Eligible Rollover Distribution, and that I am one of the following: the plan participant; the surviving spouse of the deceased plan participant; the spouse or former spouse of the plan participant under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, or a non-spouse beneficiary (in which case I understand I may only make a direct rollover to an inherited IRA).
- I certify that this Rollover/Direct Rollover does not contain a Designated Roth Contribution Account.

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

#### **ROLLOVER FORM**



PART III. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ROLLOVERS BEGINNII	NG AT AGE 70 1/2
I received the distribution from the other plan on This distribution is is not an I certify that I have already satisfied my required minimum for the IRA being rolled over from another IRA	
ROLLOVER INSTRUCTIONS TO RESIGNING CUSTODIAN:	
To roll over CASH, please follow the instructions below. Contact our office for wire instructions.  CASH: Please make check payable to: Next Generation TC FBO (my name) IRA  CASH: \$	
Asset Description	Amount (\$)
To roll over INVESTMENTS (Private Stock, Real Estate, LLCs, Notes, etc.), please attach a current statement	ent of assets, further documentation will be required.
<b>SIGNATURE:</b> Please return this form to Next Generation Services by fax, secure email, or mail.	
I agree to the terms and conditions set forth in this Rollover Certification form. I acknowledge have type of accounty plan documents. I understand that this Indirect or Direct regarding tax considerations that may apply. I assume full responsibility for this Indirect or Direct Rollows either the receiving or distributing party liable for the consequences of the above rollover. I understand the not have authority to agree to anything other than what is contained in this Rollover Certification Form. of \$ (total value of rollover) as a rollover. The undersigned authorizes the Custodian Rollover/Direct Rollover contributions pursuant to PART II above. I understand that commingling regular I from employer plans may preclude me from rolling over funds in my rollover "conduit" IRA into another the Custodian/Administrator to place regular IRA contributions in my rollover "conduit" IRA or vice versus	t Rollover is irrevocable and I have consulted my tax advisor and will not hold the Custodian/Administrator or Issuer of hat employees/representatives of Custodian/Administrator do I irrevocably designate this contribution of assets with a valuen/Administrator to commingle regular IRA contributions with RA contributions with RA contributions with Rollover/Direct Rollover contributions employer's plan. With such knowledge, I authorize and direct
The undersigned hereby irrevocably elects, pursuant to IRS Regulation 1.402(a)(5)-1T to treat this contrib be a valid IRA rollover unless PART I or PART II (and, if applicable, PART III) are correct statements. I acknown of eligible rollover distributions from qualified plans, qualified annuities, 403(b) plans, governmental a rollovers/direct rollovers to IRAs, the Custodian/Administrator has recommended that I consult with my this transaction to make certain that this transaction qualifies as a rollover and is appropriate in my indiverported to the IRS. I hereby release the Custodian/Administrator from any claim for damages on account	owledge that, due to the complexities involved in the tax treat- 457(b) plans, or the Federal Employee's Thrift Savings Plan and cax advisor or the Internal Revenue Service before completing vidual circumstances. I understand rollover contributions are
Signature of Distributee:	Date:



### **New Account Reminders**

Acceptable forms of Identification

Acceptable Forms of Photo Identification Include:

Driver's License Passport Permanent Resident Card

Right of Recision Period Right of Recision:

All clients have a seven day right of recision period from the date on their application. After this period is up and there are cleared funds in the account, a client is eligible to make an self-directed investment with their IRA at Next Generation.

Disclaimer

Disclaimer:

Next Generation Trust Company/Next Generation Services (NGTC/NGS) does not review the merits or legitamacy of any investment. NGTC/NGS does not endorse or recommend any companies, products, services, or investments. NGTC/NGS does not provide any financial, legal or investment advice.

If the services of NGTC/NGS were recommended by any third party, such persons or entities are not in any way affiliated with NGTC/NGS. NGTC/NGS is not a "fiduciary" as defined in the IRC. ERISA, and/or any applicable federal, state or local laws. All information provided is for educational purposes only. All parties are encouraged to consult with their professional advisors prior to making any investments.

Next Step:

Making A Self-Directed
Investment

☐ After your account has been opened, the right of recision period is over, AND you
have cleared funds in your account, you will be ready to make an investment.
☐ Clearing times: Wire (24 hours), ACH/Money Order/Certified Check (2 business
days), Check (5 business days).
☐ All applicable forms are located on our website under the tab, "Client Forms."
☐ Since accounts are purely self-directed, please contact our office to discuss your
investment, to get tips on avoiding prohibited transactions (§4975), and to ensure you
complete the appropriate investment documents.
☐ For help filling out your investment documents, please call the office.



# **NEXT GENERATION**

TRUST COMPANY

CONTROL YOUR FUTURE, TODAY

**New Account Starter Kit** 

# Roth IRA 5305-RA

#### Address:

Next Generation Trust Company 401 E. 8th Street, Suite 200H Sioux Falls, SD 57103

Next Generation Services, LLC 75 Livingston Ave, Suite 304 Roseland, NJ 07068

Toll Free: (888) 857-8058 Phone: (973) 533-1880 Fax: (973) 533-1088

#### EMail:

Accounts@NextGenerationTrust.com

**Get Started Today!** 

Visit us on the web:

www.nextgenerationtrust.com

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# ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement



NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

# ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT

**Custodial Agreement and Disclosure Statement** 

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103

TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058



NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

Form **5305-RA** (Revised March 2002) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

# ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT

(Under Section 408A of the Internal Revenue Code)

#### Article I

1.01 Except in the case of a rollover contribution described in section 408A(e), a recharacterized contribution described in section 408A(d)(6), or an IRA Conversion Contribution, the Custodian will accept only cash contributions up to \$3,000 per year for tax years 2002 through 2004. That contribution limit is increased to \$4,000 for tax years 2005 through 2007 and \$5,000 for 2008 and thereafter. For individuals who have reached the age of 50 before the close of the tax year, the contribution limit is increased to \$3,500 per year for tax years 2002 through 2004, \$4,500 for 2005, \$5,000 for 2006 and 2007, and \$6,000 for 2008 and thereafter. For tax years after 2008, the above limits will be increased to reflect a cost-of-living adjustment, if any.

#### Article II

- 2.01 The annual contribution limit described in Article I is gradually reduced to \$0 for higher income levels. For a single Depositor, the annual contribution is phased out between adjusted gross income (AGI) of \$95,000 and \$110,000; for a married Depositor filing jointly, between AGI of \$150,000 and \$160,000; and for a married Depositor filing separately, between AGI of \$0 and \$10,000. In the case of a conversion, the Custodian will not accept IRA Conversion Contributions in a tax year if the Depositor's AGI for the tax year the funds were distributed from the other IRA exceeds \$100,000 or if the Depositor is married and files a separate return. Adjusted gross income is defined in section 408A(c)(3) and does not include IRA Conversion Contributions.
- 2.02 In the case of a joint return, the AGI limits in the preceding paragraph apply to the combined AGI of the Depositor and his or her spouse.

#### Article III

3.01 The Depositor's interest in the balance in the Custodial account is nonforfeitable.

#### Article IV

- 4.01 No part of the Custodial account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the Custodial account be commingled with other property except in a common Custodial fund or common investment fund (within the meaning of section 408(a)(5)).
- 4.02 No part of the Custodial account funds may be invested in collectibles (within the meaning of section 408(m)) except as otherwise permitted by section 408(m)(3), which provides an exception for certain gold, silver, and platinum coins, coins issued under the laws of any state, and certain bullion.

#### Article V

- 5.01 If the Depositor dies before his or her entire interest is distributed to him or her and the Depositor's surviving spouse is not the designated beneficiary, the remaining interest will be distributed in accordance with (a) below or, if elected or there is no designated beneficiary, in accordance with (b) below:
  - (a) The remaining interest will be distributed; starting by the end of the calendar year following the year of the Depositor's death, over the designated beneficiary's remaining life expectancy as determined in the year following the death of the Depositor.
  - (b) The remaining interest will be distributed by the end of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the Depositor's death.
- 5.02 The minimum amount that must be distributed each year under paragraph 5.01(a) above is the account value at the close of business on December 31 of the preceding year divided by the life expectancy (in the single life table in Regulations section 1.401(a)(9)-9) of the designated beneficiary using the attained age of the beneficiary in the year following the year of the Depositor's death and subtracting 1 from the divisor for each subsequent year.
- 5.03 If the Depositor's surviving spouse is the designated beneficiary, such spouse will then be treated as the Depositor.

#### Article VI

- 6.01 The Depositor agrees to provide the Custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by sections 408(i) and 408A(d)(3)(E), Regulations sections 1.408-5 and 1.408-6, or other guidance published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
- 6.02 The Custodian agrees to submit to the IRS and Depositor the reports prescribed by the IRS.

#### Article VII

7.01 Notwithstanding any other articles which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through IV and this sentence will be controlling. Any additional articles inconsistent with section 408A, the related regulations, and other published guidance will be invalid.

#### Article VIII

8.01 This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code, the related regulations, and other published guidance. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the persons whose signatures appear on the Roth IRA Adoption Agreement.

#### Article IX

- 9.01 **Applicable Law:** This Custodial Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the state where the Custodian resides. The term Depositor also includes the Depositor's Beneficiary, where appropriate throughout this Agreement.
- 9.02 Annual Accounting: The Custodian shall, at least annually, provide the Depositor or Beneficiary (in the case of death) with an accounting of such Depositor's account. Such accounting shall be deemed to be accepted by the Depositor or Beneficiary, if the Depositor or Beneficiary does not object in writing within 60 days after the mailing of such accounting statement.
- 9.03 **Amendment:** The Depositor irrevocably delegates to the Custodian the right and power to amend this Custodial Agreement. Except as hereafter provided, the Custodian will give the Depositor 30 days prior written notice of any amendment. In case of a retroactive amendment required by law, the Custodian will provide written notice to the Depositor of the amendment within 30 days after the amendment is made, or if later, by the time that notice of the amendment is required to be given under regulations or other guidance provided by the IRS. The Depositor shall be deemed to have consented to any such amendment unless the Depositor notifies the Custodian to the contrary within 30 days after notice to the Depositor and requests a distribution or transfer of the balance in the account.

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

## ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT

(Under Section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code)



NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

#### 9.04 Resignation and Removal of Custodian:

- (a) The Custodian may resign and appoint a successor trustee or custodian to serve under this agreement or under another governing instrument selected by the successor trustee or custodian by giving the Depositor written notice at least 30 days prior to the effective date of such resignation and appointment, which notice shall also include or be provided under separate cover a copy of such other governing instrument, if applicable, and the related disclosure statement. The Depositor shall then have 30 days from the date of such notice to either request a distribution of the entire account balance or designate a different successor trustee or custodian and notify the Custodian of such designation. If the Depositor does not request distribution of the account balance or notify the Custodian of the designation of a different successor trustee or custodian within such 30 day period, the Depositor shall be deemed to have consented to the appointment of the successor trustee or custodian and the terms of any new governing instrument, and neither the Depositor nor the successor shall be required to execute any written document to complete the transfer of the account to the successor trustee or custodian. The successor trustee or custodian may rely on any information, including beneficiary designations, previously provided by the Depositor to the Custodian.
- (b) The Depositor may at any time remove the Custodian and replace the Custodian with a successor trustee or custodian of the Depositor's choice by giving 30 days notice of such removal and replacement. The Custodian shall then deliver the assets of the account as directed by the Depositor. However, the Custodian may retain a portion of the assets of the IRA as a reserve for payment of any anticipated remaining fees and expenses, and shall pay over any remainder of this reserve to the successor trustee or custodian upon satisfaction of such fees and expenses.
- (c) The Custodian may resign and demand that the Depositor appoint a successor trustee or custodian of this IRA by giving the Depositor written notice at least 30 days prior to the effective date of such resignation. The Depositor shall then have 30 days from the date of such notice to designate a successor trustee or custodian, notify the Custodian of the name and address of the successor trustee or custodian, and provide the Custodian with appropriate evidence that such successor has accepted the appointment and is qualified to serve as trustee or custodian of an individual retirement account.
  - (1) If the Depositor designates a successor trustee or custodian and provides the Custodian evidence of the successor's acceptance of appointment and qualification within such 30-day period, the Custodian shall then deliver all of the assets held by the Custodian in the account (whether in cash or personal or real property, wherever located, and regardless of value) to the successor trustee or custodian.
  - (2) If the Depositor does not notify the Custodian of the appointment of a successor trustee or custodian within such 30 day period, then the Custodian may distribute all of the assets held by the Custodian in the account (whether in cash or personal or real property, wherever located, and regardless of value) to the Depositor, outright and free of trust, and the Depositor shall be wholly responsible for the tax consequences of such distribution.

In either case, the Custodian may expend any assets in the account to pay expenses of transfer (including re-registering the assets and preparation of deeds, assignments, and other instruments of transfer or conveyance) to the successor trustee or custodian or the Depositor, as the case may be. In addition, the Custodian may retain a portion of the assets as a reserve for payment of any anticipated remaining fees and expenses. Upon satisfaction of such fees and expenses, the Custodian shall pay over any remainder of the reserve to the successor trustee or custodian or to the Depositor, as the case may be.

#### 9.05 Custodian's Fees and Expenses:

- (a) The Depositor agrees to pay the Custodian any and all fees specified in the Custodian's current published fee schedule for establishing and maintaining this Roth IRA, including but not limited to any fees for distributions from, transfers from, and terminations of this Roth IRA. The Custodian may change its fee schedule at any time by giving the Depositor 30 days prior written notice.
- (b) The Depositor agrees to pay any expenses incurred by the Custodian in the performance of its duties in connection with the account. Such expenses include, but are not limited to, administrative expenses, such as legal and accounting fees, and any taxes of any kind whatsoever that may be levied or assessed with respect to such account.
- (c) All such fees, taxes, and other administrative expenses charged to the account shall be collected either from the assets in the account or from any contributions to or distributions from such account if not paid by the Depositor, but the Depositor shall be responsible for any deficiency.
- (d) In the event that for any reason the Custodian is not certain as to who is entitled to receive all or part of the Custodial Funds, the Custodian reserves the right to withhold any payment from the Custodial Account, to request a court ruling to determine the disposition of the Custodial assets, and to charge the Custodial Account for any expenses incurred in obtaining such legal determination.
- 9.06 **Withdrawal Requests:** All requests for withdrawal shall be in writing on the form provided by the Custodian. Such written notice must also contain the reason for the withdrawal and the method of distribution being requested. The Custodian reserves the right to reject any withdrawal request it may deem appropriate and to apply to a court of competent jurisdiction to make a determination with respect to the proper party eligible to receive a distribution from the account.
- 9.07 **Responsibilities:** Depositor agrees that all information and instructions given to the Custodian by the Depositor are complete and accurate and that the Custodian shall not be responsible for any incomplete or inaccurate information provided by the Depositor or Depositor's beneficiary(ies). Depositor and Depositor's beneficiaries agree to be responsible for all tax consequences arising from contributions to and distributions from this Custodial Account and acknowledges that no tax advice has been provided by the Custodian.

#### 9.08 **Designation of Beneficiary:**

- (a) Except as may be otherwise required by State law, in the event of the Depositor's death, the balance in the account shall be paid to the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by the Depositor on a beneficiary designation form acceptable to and filed with the Custodian. The Depositor may change the Depositor's beneficiary or beneficiaries at any time by filing a new beneficiary designation with the Custodian. If no beneficiary designation is in effect, if none of the named beneficiaries survive the Depositor, or if the Custodian cannot locate any of the named beneficiaries after reasonable search, any balance in the account will be payable to the Depositor's estate.
- (b) If the Custodian permits, in the event of the Depositor's death, any beneficiary may name a subsequent beneficiary(ies) to receive the balance of the account to which such beneficiary is entitled upon the death of the original beneficiary by filing a Subsequent Beneficiary Designation Form acceptable to and filed with the Custodian. Payments to such subsequent beneficiary(ies) shall be distributed in accordance with the payment schedule applicable to the original beneficiary. In no event can any subsequent beneficiary be treated as a designated beneficiary of the Depositor. The preceding sentence shall not apply with respect to the subsequent beneficiary(ies), if any, of an original spouse beneficiary where the Depositor dies before his or her required beginning date. In this case, the original spouse beneficiary is treated as the Depositor. If the balance of the account has not been completely distributed to the original beneficiary and such beneficiary has not named a subsequent beneficiary or no named subsequent beneficiary is living on the date of the original beneficiary's death, such balance shall be payable to the estate of the original beneficiary.
- 9.09 **Spousal Beneficiary Provisions:** Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 5.03, if the Depositor's only primary beneficiary is the surviving spouse, such spouse may elect to be treated as a non-spouse beneficiary for purposes of the provisions of Articles 5.01 and 5.02, but including the special rule provided under section 401(a)(9)(B)(iv) of the Code. Thus, a surviving spouse beneficiary may remain the beneficiary of the deceased spouse's Roth IRA and be able to take death distributions under the five year rule or the exception to the five year rule, including the ability to wait to begin receiving distributions over

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### ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT

(Under Section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code)



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his or her single life expectancy by December 31 of the year the deceased spouse would have attained the age of 70½ had he or she lived, if this date is later than the December 31 immediately following the year of death. In addition, if the surviving spouse is not the sole beneficiary of the Roth IRA, in addition to the provisions of Articles 5.01 and 5.02, the surviving spouse beneficiary may elect to treat his or her beneficial portion of the deceased spouse's Roth IRA as his or her own Roth IRA.

- 9.10 **Responsibility for Determining Eligibility for Conversion Contributions:** Notwithstanding the provisions of the third sentence of Article II, the Depositor agrees to be solely responsible for determining eligibility to convert any of the Depositor's traditional IRAs or an employer's plan to a Roth IRA. The conversion eligibility requirements are eliminated for years after December 31, 2009.
- **Combining Regular Roth IRA Contributions with Roth Conversion Contributions:** The Depositor may combine regular Roth IRA contributions in the same Roth IRA account as Roth IRA conversion contributions. The Depositor agrees to designate each deposit as either a regular Roth IRA contribution (and the tax year to which it relates) or a Roth IRA conversion contribution. The Depositor further agrees that he/she will be solely responsible for any recordkeeping of such deposits as determined or required by the Internal Revenue Service, including but not limited to, the timing, ordering and taxation of any distributions.
- 9.12 **Death Benefit Default Provisions:** If the Depositor dies and the beneficiary does not select a method of distribution described in Article V, Section 5.01(a) or (b) by the December 31st following the year of the Depositor's death, then distributions will be made pursuant to the single life expectancy of the Designated Beneficiary determined in accordance with IRS regulations. However, no payment will be made until the beneficiary provides the Custodian with a proper distribution request acceptable to the Custodian and other documentation that may be required by the Custodian. A beneficiary may at any time request a complete distribution of his or her remaining interest in the Custodial Account. The Custodian reserves the right to require a minimum balance in the account in order to make periodic payments from the account.
- 9.13 **Transitional Rule for Determining Required Minimum Distributions for Calendar Year 2002:** Unless the Custodian provides otherwise, if a beneficiary is subject to required minimum distributions for calendar year 2002, such individual may elect to apply the 1987 proposed regulations, the 2001 proposed regulations, or the 2002 final regulations in determining the amount of the 2002 required minimum. However, the Custodian, in its sole discretion, reserves the right to perform any required minimum distribution calculations through its data systems or otherwise based upon any of the three sets of regulations delineated in the previous sentence.

### Article X Self-Directed IRA Provisions

- Investment of Contributions: At the direction of the Depositor (or the direction of the beneficiary upon the Depositor's death) the Custodian shall invest all contributions to the account and earnings thereon in investments acceptable to the Custodian, which may include marketable securities traded on a recognized exchange or "over the counter" (excluding any securities issued by the Custodian), covered call options, certificates of deposit, and other investments to which the Custodian consents, in such amounts as are specifically selected and specified by Depositor in orders to the Custodian in such form as may be acceptable to the Custodian, without any duty to diversify and without regard to whether such property is authorized by the laws of any jurisdiction as a Custodial investment. The Custodian shall be responsible for the execution of such orders and for maintaining adequate records thereof. However, if any such orders are not received as required, or, if received, are unclear in the opinion of the Custodian, all or a portion of the contribution may be held uninvested without liability for loss of income or appreciation, and without liability for interest pending receipt of such orders or clarification, or the contribution may be returned. The Custodian may, but need not, establish programs under which cash deposits in excess of a minimum set by it will be periodically and automatically invested in interest-bearing investment funds. The Custodian shall have no duty other than to follow the written investment directions of the Depositor, and shall be under no duty to question said instructions and shall not be liable for any investment losses sustained by the Depositor.
- 10.02 **Registration:** All assets of the account shall be registered in the name of the Custodian or of a suitable nominee. The same nominee may be used with respect to assets of other investors whether or not held under agreements similar to this one or in any capacity whatsoever. However, each Depositor's account shall be separate and distinct; a separate account therefore shall be maintained by the Custodian, and the assets thereof shall be held by the Custodian in individual or bulk segregation either in the Custodian's vaults or in depositories approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 10.03 **Investment Advisor:** The Depositor may appoint an Investment Advisor, qualified under Section 3(38) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, to direct the investment of his Roth IRA. The Depositor shall notify the Custodian in writing of any such appointment by providing the Custodian a copy of the instruments appointing the Investment Advisor and evidencing the Investment Advisor's acceptance of such appointment, an acknowledgement by the Investment Advisor that it is a fiduciary of the account, and a certificate evidencing the Investment Advisor's current registration under the Investment Advisor's Act of 1940. The Custodian shall comply with any investment directions furnished to it by the Investment Advisor, unless and until it receives written notification from the Depositor that the Investment Advisor's appointment has been terminated. The Custodian shall have no duty other than to follow the written investment directions of such Investment Advisor and shall be under no duty to question said instructions, and the Custodian shall not be liable for any investment losses sustained by the Depositor.
- 10.04 **No Investment Advice:** The Custodian does not assume any responsibility for rendering advice with respect to the investment and reinvestment of Depositor's account and shall not be liable for any loss which results from Depositor's exercise of control over his account. The Custodian and Depositor may specifically agree in writing that the Custodian shall render such advice, but the Depositor shall still have and exercise exclusive responsibility for control over the investment of the assets of his account, and the Custodian shall not have any duty to question his investment directives.
- 10.05 **Prohibited Transactions:** Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Custodian shall not lend any part of the corpus or income of the account to; pay any compensation for personal services rendered to the account to; make any part of its services available on a preferential basis to; acquire for the account any property, other than cash, from; or sell any property to, any Depositor, any member of a Depositor's family, or a corporation controlled by any Depositor through the ownership, directly or indirectly, of 50 percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, or of 50 percent or more of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of such corporation.
- 10.06 **Unrelated Business Income Tax:** If the Depositor directs investment of the account in any investment which results in unrelated business taxable income, it shall be the responsibility of the Depositor to so advise the Custodian and to provide the Custodian with all information necessary to prepare and file any required returns or reports for the account. As the Custodian may deem necessary, and at the Depositor's expense, the Custodian may request a taxpayer identification number for the account, file any returns, reports, and applications for extension, and pay any taxes or estimated taxes owed with respect to the account. The Custodian may retain suitable accountants, attorneys, or other agents to assist it in performing such responsibilities.
- 10.07 **Disclosures and Voting:** The Custodian shall deliver, or cause to be executed and delivered, to Depositor all notices, prospectuses, financial statements, proxies and proxy soliciting materials relating to assets credited to the account. The Custodian shall not vote any shares of stock or take any other action, pursuant to such documents, with respect to such assets except upon receipt by the Custodian of adequate written instructions from Depositor.

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- 10.08 **Miscellaneous Expenses:** In addition to those expenses set out in Section 9.05 of this plan, the Depositor agrees to pay any and all expenses incurred by the Custodian in connection with the investment of the account, including expenses of preparation and filing any returns and reports with regard to unrelated business income, including taxes and estimated taxes, as well as any transfer taxes incurred in connection with the investment or reinvestment of the assets of the account.
- 10.09 Nonbank Custodian Provision: If the Custodian is a nonbank Custodian, the Depositor shall substitute another trustee or custodian in place of the Custodian upon receipt of notice from the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service or his delegate that such substitution is required because the Custodian has failed to comply with the requirements of Income Tax Regulations Section 1.408-2(e), or is not keeping such records, making such returns, or rendering such statements as are required by applicable law, regulations, or other rulings. The successor trustee or custodian shall be a bank, insured credit union, or other person satisfactory to the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Section 408(a)(2) of the Code. Upon receipt by the Custodian of written acceptance by its successor of such successor's appointment, Custodian shall transfer and pay over to such successor the assets of the account (less amounts retained pursuant to Section 9.04 of the Custodial Agreement) and all records (or copies thereof) of the Custodian pertaining thereto, provided that the successor trustee or custodian agrees not to dispose of any such records without the Custodian's consent.

### Article XI Undirected Cash Balances

11.01 In the event that cash is received in my account from any source, including without limitation, contributions, transfers, rollovers or cash income from any investment in my account, for which the Custodian or Administrator have not received a written investment direction letter ("Undirected Cash"), you authorize the Custodian or Administrator to invest all Undirected Cash in non-interest bearing or interest bearing government guaranteed or insured investments or accounts, including Treasury securities and other government-guaranteed debt instruments and deposit accounts at banks insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, including negotiable and non-negotiable time deposits, savings deposits and demand deposits. I acknowledge that government securities and negotiable time deposits may need to be liquidated in markets maintained by banks or registered broker-dealers at then-current market prices that may be less than the face amount of the instrument.

#### **General Instructions**

(Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.)

**Purpose of Form** - Form 5305-RA is a model Custodial account agreement that meets the requirements of section 408A and has been pre-approved by the IRS. A Roth individual retirement account (Roth IRA) is established after the form is fully executed by both the individual (Depositor) and the Custodian. This account must be created in the United States for the exclusive benefit of the Depositor and his or her beneficiaries.

Do not file Form 5305-RA with the IRS. Instead, keep it with your records.

Unlike contributions to traditional individual retirement arrangements, contributions to a Roth IRA are not deductible from the Depositor's gross income; and distributions after 5 years that are made when the Depositor is 59½ years of age or older or on account of death, disability, or the purchase of a home by a first-time homebuyer (limited to \$10,000), are not includible in gross income. For more information on Roth IRAs, including the required disclosures the Custodian must give the Depositor, see Pub. 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), and 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

#### Definitions

**IRA Conversion Contributions.** IRA Conversion Contributions are amounts rolled over, transferred, or considered transferred from a nonRoth IRA to a Roth IRA. A non-Roth IRA is an individual retirement account or annuity described in section 408(a) or 408(b), other than a Roth IRA.

**Custodian.** The Custodian must be a bank or savings and loan association, as defined in section 408(n), or any person who has the approval of the IRS to act as Custodian. **Depositor.** The Depositor is the person who establishes the Custodial account. Specific Instructions

Article I. The Depositor may be subject to a 6% tax on excess contributions if (1) contributions to other individual retirement arrangements of the Depositor have been made for the same tax year, (2) the Depositor's adjusted gross income exceeds the applicable limits in Article II for the tax year, or (3) the Depositor's and spouse's compensation is less than the amount contributed by or on behalf of them for the tax year. The Depositor should see the disclosure statement or Pub. 590-A for more information.

**Article V.** This article describes how distributions will be made from the Roth IRA after the Depositor's death. Elections made pursuant to this article should be reviewed periodically to ensure they correspond to the Depositor's intent. Under paragraph 3 of Article V, the Depositor's spouse is treated as the owner of the Roth IRA upon the death of the Depositor, rather than as the beneficiary. If the spouse is to be treated as the beneficiary, and not the owner, an overriding provision should be added to Article IX.

**Article IX.** Article IX and any that follow it may incorporate additional provisions that are agreed to by the Depositor and Custodian to complete the agreement. They may include, for example, definitions, investment powers, voting rights, exculpatory provisions, amendment and termination, removal of the Custodian, Custodian's fees, state law requirements, beginning date of distributions, accepting only cash, treatment of excess contributions, prohibited transactions with the Depositor, etc. Attach additional pages if necessary.

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# ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT

(Under Section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code)



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#### **ROTH IRA DISCLOSURE STATEMENT**

#### RIGHT TO REVOKE YOUR IRA ACCOUNT

You may revoke your Roth IRA within 7 days after you sign the Roth IRA Adoption Agreement by hand-delivering or mailing a written notice to the name and address indicated on the Roth IRA Adoption Agreement. If you revoke your account by mailing a written notice, such notice must be postmarked by the 7th day after you sign the Adoption Agreement. If you revoke your Roth IRA within the 7 day period you will receive a refund of the entire amount of your contributions to the Roth IRA without any adjustment for earnings or any administrative expenses. If you exercise this revocation, we are still required to report the contribution on Form 5498 (except transfers) and the revoked distribution on Form 1099-R.

#### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF A TRADITIONAL IRA**

- Your contributions must be made in cash, unless you are making a qualified rollover or transfer contribution and the Custodian accepts non-cash rollover or transfer contributions.
- The annual contributions you make on your behalf to all of your Roth IRAs and traditional IRAs may not exceed the lesser of 100% of your compensation or the "applicable annual dollar limitation" (defined below), unless you are making a qualified rollover or transfer contribution.
- Your regular annual Roth IRA contributions for any taxable year may be deposited at any time during that taxable year and up to the due date for the filing of your Federal income tax return for that taxable year, no extensions. This generally means April 15th of the following year.
- The Custodian of your Roth IRA must be a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or a person who is approved to act in such a capacity by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- No portion of your Roth IRA funds may be invested in life insurance contracts.
- Your interest in your Roth IRA is nonforfeitable at all times.
- The assets in your Roth IRA may not be commingled with other property except in a common Custodial fund or common investment fund.
- You may not invest the assets of your Roth IRA in collectibles (as described in Section 408(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.) A collectible is defined as any work
  of art, rug or antique, metal or gem, stamp or coin, alcoholic beverage, or any other tangible personal property specified by the IRS. However, if the Custodian
  permits, specially-minted US gold, silver, and platinum coins and certain state-issued coins are permissible Roth IRA investments. Beginning on 1/1/98, you
  may also invest in certain gold, silver, platinum or palladium bullion, if the trustee or custodian permits. Such bullion must be in the physical possession of the
  Roth IRA trustee or custodian.

#### WHO IS ELIGIBLE TO MAKE A REGULAR TRADITIONAL IRA CONTRIBUTION?

You are permitted to make regular contributions to your Roth IRA for any taxable year if you receive compensation for such taxable year. Compensation includes salaries, wages, tips, commissions, bonuses, alimony, royalties from creative efforts and "earned income" in the case of self-employeds. Members of the Armed Forces who serve in combat zones who receive compensation that is otherwise non-taxable, are considered to have taxable compensation for purposes of making regular Roth IRA contributions. The amount which is permitted to be contributed depends upon your modified adjusted gross income (Modified AGI); your marital status; and your tax filing status discussed below.

#### **CONTRIBUTIONS TO A ROTH IRA**

Regular Roth IRA Contributions - The maximum amount you may contribute for any year is the lesser of 100% of your compensation or the "applicable annual dollar limitation" (described below). Your actual contribution limit depends upon your marital status, tax filing status, and your Modified AGI.

#### Applicable Annual Dollar Limitation

Tax Year	Contribution Limit
2001	\$2,000
2002 through 2004	\$3,000
2005 through 2007	\$4,000
2008 through 2012	\$5,000
2013 through 2018	\$5,500

After 2018, the \$5,500 annual limit is subject to cost-of living increases in increments of \$500, rounded to the lower increment. This means that it may take several years beyond 2018 for the \$5,500 annual limit to increase to \$6,000. All regular contributions (including catch-up contributions) to a Roth IRA are nondeductible. The maximum amount you may contribute to a Roth IRA is reduced by any contributions you make to all of your traditional IRAs for the same tax year.

Catch-up Contributions - If an individual has attained the age of 50 before the close of the taxable year for which an annual contribution is being made and meets the other eligibility requirements for making regular Roth IRA contributions, the annual Roth IRA contribution limit for that individual would be increased as follows:

Tax Year	Normal Limit	Additional Catch-up*	Total Contribution
2002	\$3,000	\$ 500	\$3,500
2003	\$3,000	\$ 500	\$3,500
2004	\$3,000	\$ 500	\$3,500
2005	\$4,000	\$ 500	\$4,500
2006	\$4,000	\$1,000	\$5,000
2007	\$4,000	\$1,000	\$5,000
2008 - 2012	\$5,000	\$1,000	\$6,000
2013 - 2018	\$5,500	\$1,000	\$6,500

<sup>\*</sup>The additional catch-up amount for Roth IRAs is not subject to COLAs.

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**Special IRA Catch-up Contributions for Certain Section 401(k) Participants** - Special Roth IRA catch-up contributions are permitted for each of years 2007, 2008 and 2009 equal to the applicable year's age-50 catch-up limit multiplied by 3. To be eligible for this special catch-up Roth IRA contribution, the individual must have been a participant in an employer's \$401(k) plan where employer-matching contributions were being made at the rate of at least 50% of the participant's deferrals with employer stock and such employer is in bankruptcy and is subject to an indictment or conviction. The individual is not required to be age 50 in order to take advantage of this rule. However, if the individual is age 50 or over, he or she may not contribute the age-50 catch-up amount in addition to this special catch-up.

The deadline for making such special catch-up contributions is the normal deadline for the applicable year. For example, an eligible individual takes advantage of this rule for calendar year 2008. The normal regular Roth IRA contribution limit for 2008 is \$5,000 and the normal age-50 catch-up contribution limit for 2008 is \$1,000. The eligible individual could contribute the \$5,000 normal limit plus a special catch-up contribution of \$3,000 for a total of \$8,000. The deadline for making this contribution is the 2008 tax filing deadline, no extensions.

All regular contributions (including catch-up contributions) to a Roth IRA are nondeductible. The maximum amount you may contribute to a Roth IRA is reduced by any contributions you make to all of your traditional IRAs for the same tax year.

Modified Adjusted Gross Income - The amount of your regular annual Roth IRA contribution depends upon your Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) for the taxable year and your marital status. If your MAGI is below a certain amount, you can contribute the entire contribution subject to the dollar limit. If your MAGI is above a certain amount, you cannot make any regular contribution to a Roth IRA. If your MAGI is between certain amounts, you are entitled to making a partial Roth IRA contribution. You are responsible for keeping track of your Roth IRA contributions so that you can report Roth IRA distributions on IRS Form 8606. Refer to the chart below for the MAGI ranges. The MAGI ranges are subject to cost-of-living adjustments. Also refer to IRS Publication 590-A for additional information.

Married Participants	Unmarred Participants	Married Participants
Filing Jointly		Filing Separately*
\$150,000 - \$160,000	\$ 95,000 - \$110,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$156,000 - \$166,000	\$ 99,000 - \$114,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$159,000 - \$169,000	\$101,000 - \$116,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$166,000 - \$176,000	\$105,000 - \$120,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$167,000 - \$177,000	\$105,000 - \$120,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$169,000 - \$179,000	\$107,000 - \$122,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$173,000 - \$183,000	\$110,000 - \$125,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$178,000 - \$188,000	\$112,000 - \$127,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$181,000 - \$191,000	\$114,000 - \$129,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$183,000 - \$193,000	\$116,000 - \$131,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$184,000 - \$194,000	\$117,000 - \$132,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$186,000 - \$196,000	\$118,000 - \$133,000	\$0 - \$10,000
\$189,000 - \$199,000	\$120,000 - \$135,000	\$0 - \$10,000
	Filing Jointly \$150,000 - \$160,000 \$156,000 - \$166,000 \$159,000 - \$169,000 \$166,000 - \$176,000 \$167,000 - \$177,000 \$169,000 - \$179,000 \$173,000 - \$183,000 \$178,000 - \$188,000 \$181,000 - \$191,000 \$183,000 - \$194,000 \$184,000 - \$194,000 \$186,000 - \$196,000	Filing Jointly \$150,000 - \$160,000 \$156,000 - \$166,000 \$159,000 - \$166,000 \$159,000 - \$166,000 \$101,000 - \$116,000 \$166,000 - \$176,000 \$105,000 - \$120,000 \$167,000 - \$177,000 \$105,000 - \$120,000 \$169,000 - \$179,000 \$107,000 - \$122,000 \$173,000 - \$183,000 \$173,000 - \$188,000 \$112,000 - \$125,000 \$178,000 - \$191,000 \$114,000 - \$129,000 \$181,000 - \$191,000 \$114,000 - \$131,000 \$184,000 - \$194,000 \$118,000 - \$132,000 \$186,000 - \$196,000 \$118,000 - \$133,000

**Spousal Roth IRAs**- If you and your spouse file a joint tax return and have unequal compensation (including no compensation for one spouse or one spouse who chooses to be treated as receiving no compensation) you may establish separate Roth IRAs for each spouse. The total annual contribution limit for both Roth IRAs may not exceed 100% of the combined compensation for both spouses, but neither Roth IRA may accept more than the Applicable Annual Dollar Limitation per spouse, plus the additional catch-up amount, if applicable.

The maximum Roth IRA contribution for the spouse is then reduced by:

- 1. regular traditional IRA contributions made on behalf of such spouse; and
- 2. Roth IRA contributions made on behalf of such spouse.

This annual limit may be further reduced if the Modified AGI exceeds the levels discussed above.

**\$200 Minimum Roth IRA Contribution** - If you fall into any of the categories listed above, your minimum allowable Roth IRA contribution will be \$200 until phased out under the appropriate marital status. In other words, if your Roth IRA contribution amount calculated under the appropriate dollar amounts discussed above results in a contribution between \$0 and \$200, your permitted contribution is \$200 instead of the calculated amount. If the result is not a multiple of \$10, round up to the nearest \$10.

**Modified AGI** - Modified AGI does not include any conversions to a Roth IRA and included in income. Modified AGI is determined before deductible traditional IRA contributions. Effective for distributions after December 31, 2004, Modified AGI does not include any amounts that are required minimum distributions pursuant to section 408(a)(6) only for purposes of determining eligibility for conversion contributions.

**Miscellaneous Contribution Rules** - Contributions are permitted after you attain age 70½, so long as you have compensation and meet the AGI limits described above. Contributions are permitted regardless of whether you are an active participant in an employer-sponsored plan.

Special Rules for Qualified Reservist Distributions – Qualified Reservist Distributions withdrawn from a Roth IRA are eligible to be repaid to a Roth IRA within a 2-year period after the end of active duty. A Qualified Reservist Distribution is a distribution received from a Roth IRA by members of the National Guard or reservists who are called to active duty for a period of at least 180 days and such distribution is taken during the period of such active duty. This provision is retroactively effective with respect to distributions after September 11, 2001, for individuals called to active duty after September 11, 2001. The repayments are not treated as tax-free rollovers. Instead, the repayments become basis in the Roth IRA.

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#### **EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS TO A ROTH IRA**

Generally, an excess Roth IRA contribution is any contribution which exceeds the contribution limits. Such excess amount is subject to a 6% excise tax on the principal remaining amount of the excess each year until the excess is corrected.

Method of Withdrawing Excess in a Timely Manner (Applies to Excesses Removed Prior to 2018) - This 6% excise tax may be avoided, if the excess amount plus the earnings attributable to the excess are distributed to you by your tax filing deadline including extensions for the year during which the excess contribution was made. If you decide to correct your excess in this manner, the principal amount of the excess returned to you is not taxable; however, the earnings attributable to the excess are taxable to you in the year in which the contribution was made. In addition, if you are under age 59½, the earnings attributable to the excess amount are subject to a 10% additional income tax. This is the only method of correcting an excess contribution that will avoid the 6% excise tax. The earnings attributable to an excess contribution will always be taxable, even if you would otherwise meet the definition of a "qualified distribution" discussed later.

Method of Withdrawing Excess in a Timely Manner (Applies to Excesses Removed After 2017) - This 6% excise tax may be avoided, if the excess amount plus the earnings attributable to the excess are distributed to you by your tax filing deadline including extensions for the year for which the excess contribution was made. If you decide to correct your excess in this manner, the principal amount of the excess returned to you is not taxable; however, the earnings attributable to the excess are taxable to you in the year in which the contribution was made. In addition, if you are under age 59 1/2, the earnings attributable to the excess amount are subject to a 10% additional income tax. This is the only method of correcting an excess contribution that will avoid the 6% excise tax. The earnings attributable to an excess contribution will always be taxable, even if you would otherwise meet the definition of a "qualified distribution" discussed later.

**Undercontribution Method** - If an excess is not corrected by the tax filing deadline, including extensions, for the year during which the excess contribution was made, such excess contribution may be applied, on a year-by-year basis, against the annual limit for regular Roth IRA contributions. However, in order to "carry over" the excess contribution and treat it as a contribution made for a subsequent year, the participant must meet the eligibility requirements for the subsequent year. In addition, the taxpayer is subject to the 6% excise tax for the initial year and each subsequent year until the excess is used up.

#### **CONTRIBUTION RECHARACTERIZATIONS**

You may be able to recharacterize certain contributions under the following two different circumstances:

- 1. By recharacterizing a current year regular contribution plus earnings explained in this section; or
- 2. By recharacterizing a conversion made to a Roth IRA by transferring the amount plus earnings back to a traditional IRA discussed in the next section under the heading "Conversion from a Traditional IRA or an Employer Plan to a Roth IRA". Beginning 1/1/2018, recharacterizations of conversions made after 12/31/2017 are no longer permitted.

If you decide by your tax filing deadline (including extensions) of the year for which the contribution was made to transfer a current year contribution plus earnings from your traditional IRA to a Roth IRA, no amount will be included in your gross income as long as you did not take a deduction for the amount of the contribution. You may also recharacterize a current year contribution plus earnings from your Roth IRA to a traditional IRA by your tax filing deadline including extensions of the year for which the contribution was made.

In order to recharacterize a regular contribution from one type of IRA to another type of IRA, you must be eligible to make a regular contribution to the IRA to which the contribution plus earnings is recharacterized. All recharacterizations must be accomplished as a direct transfer, rather than a distribution and subsequent rollover.

You are also required to report recharacterizations to the IRS in accordance with the instructions to IRS Form 8606. Prior year excess contributions made to an IRA that are carried over to a subsequent year cannot be recharacterized as a current year contribution to another IRA. Only actual contributions made for a taxable year may be recharacterized. Any recharacterized contribution (whether a regular contribution or a conversion) cannot be revoked after the transfer. You are required to notify both Custodians (or trustees) and to provide them with certain information in order to properly effectuate such a recharacterization.

#### **ROLLOVER ROTH IRAs**

Rollover Contribution from Another Roth IRA - A rollover contribution from another Roth IRA is any amount you receive from one Roth IRA and within 60 days roll some or all of it over into another Roth IRA. You are not required to roll over the entire amount received from the first Roth IRA. However, any taxable amount (generally earnings) you do not roll over will be taxed at ordinary income tax rates for Federal income tax purposes and may be subject to the 10% additional income tax.

The following special rules also apply to rollovers between Roth IRAs:

- The rollover must be completed no later than the 60th day after the day the distribution was received by you from the first Roth IRA. However, if the reason for distribution was for qualified first time home buyer expenses and there has been a delay or cancellation in the acquisition of such first home, the 60 day rollover period is increased to 120 days. This 60 day rollover period is also extended in cases of disaster or casualty beyond the reasonable control of the taxpayer.
- Beginning in 2015, you can make only one rollover from an IRA to another (or the same) IRA in any 12-month period, regardless of the number of IRAs you own. The limit will apply by aggregating all of an individual's IRAs, including SEP and SIMPLE IRAs as well as traditional and Roth IRAs, effectively treating them as one IRA for purposes of the limit. (See IRS Publication 590-A for more information).
- The same property you receive in a distribution from the first Roth IRA must be the same property you roll over into the second Roth IRA. For example, if you receive a distribution from a Roth IRA of property, such as stocks, that same stock must be the property rolled over into the second Roth IRA.
- · You are required to make an irrevocable election indicating that this transaction will be treated as a rollover contribution.
- You are not required to receive a complete distribution from your Roth IRA in order to make a rollover contribution into another Roth IRA, nor are you required to roll over the entire amount you received from the first Roth IRA into the second Roth IRA.
- If you inherit a Roth IRA due to the death of the participant, you may not roll this Roth IRA into your own Roth IRA unless you are the spouse of the deceased Roth IRA participant.

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## ROTH INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT

(Under Section 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code)



NEXT GENERATION SERVICES, LLC, 75 LIVINGSTON AVE. STE. 304, ROSELAND, NJ 07068 | P: (973) 533-1880 \* F: (973) 533-1088

Rollovers From a Designated Roth Contribution Account Under Employer-Sponsored Plans – Effective for Eligible Rollover Distributions after December 31, 2005, amounts attributable to the participant's Designated Roth Contribution Account under an employer's \$401(k) plan or \$403(b) plan are eligible to roll over to a Roth IRA as either a direct rollover or a 60-day rollover. After such amounts have been rolled over to a Roth IRA, these amounts cannot be subsequently rolled back to an employer's plan.

**Effect of 5-Year Aging** – If the Roth IRA owner has already started the 5-year aging on any Roth IRA, the rollover of the Designated Roth Contribution Account under the employer's plan has the same 5-year period start date. However, if the Roth IRA owner establishes a Roth IRA for the first time with the rollover of the Designated Roth Contributions Account under the employer's plan, a new 5-year aging period starts with respect to the rollover amount, regardless of the period of participation in the employer's plan.

Effect on Ordering Rules for Subsequent Distributions from the Roth IRA – If a Roth IRA owner rolls over his or her Designated Roth Contributions Account under an employer's plan, the Roth IRA owner is responsible for keeping track of the rollover in the following manner for purposes of determining taxable distributions from the Roth IRA:

- If the distribution from the employer's plan is a "nonqualified distribution", the Roth IRA owner adds the basis amount (contributions) to his or her other regular Roth IRA contributions, and adds the earnings to the earnings.
- If the distribution from the employer's plan is a "qualified distribution", the Roth IRA owner adds the entire amount of the rollover to his or her other regular Roth IRA contributions.

**Partial Rollovers** - If a distribution representing the participant's Designated Roth Contribution Account is eligible to roll over and it is paid to the participant, and the participant rolls over to a Roth IRA only a portion of the distribution, the amount not rolled over is treated as first consisting of the nontaxable portion (the contributions). Thus, the amount rolled over is treated first as the taxable earnings and no amount is taxable to the participant if the amount of the rollover is equal to or greater than the amount of the earnings attributable to the distribution received by the employee. Proper adjustments to the ordering rules explained above are necessary in the case of a partial rollover.

Special Rollover Rules for Qualified Hurricane Distributions, Qualified Wildfire Distributions and Certain Other Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas-

Qualified Disaster Distributions (QDDs) include Qualified Hurricane Distributions, Qualified Wildfire Distributions and other disaster areas as declared by the President. Qualified Disaster Distributions withdrawn from a Roth IRA are eligible to be rolled over to a Roth IRA within a 3-year period after the eligible individual received such distribution. More information on Qualified Hurricane Distributions and other tax relief provisions applicable to affected individuals of Hurricanes Harvey, Irma and Maria as well as other disaster relief can be found on the IRS website at https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/around-the-nation. Taxpayers using these tax relief provisions must file Form 8915 with his or her Federal income tax return. The maximum amount of a QHD is \$100,000 per taxpayer; is not subject to the premature distribution penalty tax of 10%, and will be taxed pro rata over a 3 year period unless the taxpayer elects to pay all of the taxes in the year of the distribution. See the instructions to Form 8915 for more information.

Special Rollover Rules for Midwestern Disaster Area Distributions referred to as "Qualified Disaster Recovery Assistance Distributions" – Qualified Disaster Recovery Assistance Distributions are eligible to be rolled over to a Roth IRA within a 3-year period after the eligible individual received such distribution. More information on the Midwestern Disaster Area is in IRS Publication 4492-B and Form 8930.

Special Rules for Qualified Settlement Income Received from Exxon Valdez Litigation - Any qualified taxpayer who receives qualified settlement income during the taxable year, at any time before the end of the taxable year in which such income was received, make one or more contributions to an eligible retirement plan of which such qualified taxpayer is a beneficiary in an aggregate amount not to exceed the lesser of: (a) \$100,000 (reduced by the amount of qualified settlement income contributed to an eligible retirement plan in prior taxable years); or (b) the amount of qualified settlement income received by the individual during the taxable year.

The contribution will be deemed made on the last day of the taxable year in which such income is received if the contribution is made on account of such taxable year and is made not later than the deadline for filing the income tax return for such year, not including extensions thereof.

If the settlement income is contributed to a Roth IRA such income is currently includible in the taxpayer's gross income and becomes basis in such Roth IRA.

A qualified taxpayer means:

- 1. Any individual who is a plaintiff in the civil action In re Exxon Valdez, No. 89-095-CV (HRH) (Consolidated) (D. Alaska); or
- 2. Any individual who is a beneficiary of the estate of such a plaintiff who acquired the right to receive qualified settlement income from that plaintiff and was the spouse or an immediate relative of that plaintiff.

Special Rollover Rules for Military Death Gratuity and SGLI Payments – In general the beneficiary of Death Gratuity and the SGLI (Servicemember's Group Life Insurance) may roll these payments into a Roth IRA in the name of the recipient of such payments, without regard to any adjusted gross income limitations. Such Roth IRA will not be an inherited IRA but rather the Roth IRA will be in the beneficiary's own name. Such rule is effective with deaths occurring after June 17, 2008. However, if the payment was made due to a death that occurred after October 7, 2001, and before June 17, 2008, a recipient can still roll such amounts over to a Roth IRA as long as the rollover is completed by June 17, 2009.

The rollover to the Roth IRA must generally be completed within one year following the receipt of the payment. These payments are not taxable to the recipient. The trustee, custodian or issuer of the Roth IRA is not required to independently verify that such amounts are eligible to roll over to the Roth IRA. It is also important to note that recipients these amounts may be a spouse or other family member, and the rollover would go into the Roth IRA as the recipient's own Roth IRA, not an inherited Roth IRA. Whether or not distributions from the Roth URA are "qualified distributions" where the earnings would be tax-free would depend upon the 5-year aging period and reason for distribution applicable to any Roth IRA distribution that is a "qualified distribution".

For purposes of the ordering rules applicable to nonqualified distributions from Roth IRAs, these amounts are treated as contributions to the Roth IRA, not as conversions. This means that these amounts may be immediately withdrawn for any purpose and not be taxed or subject to penalty.

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**Rollover of Amounts Received in Airline Carrier Bankruptcy** – Effective December 11, 2008, a "qualified airline employee" may contribute any portion of an "airline payment" amount to a Roth IRA within 180 days of receipt of such payment (or, if later, within 180 days of the enactment of the Worker, Retiree and Employer Recovery Act of 2008). Such contribution is treated as a qualified rollover contribution to the Roth IRA, and as such, the airline payment is includible in gross income of the recipient to the extent it would be so includible were it not part of the rollover contribution.

An "airline payment" means any payment by a commercial airline carrier to a "qualified airline employee" that is paid: (1) under an order of a Federal bankruptcy court in a case filed after September 11, 2001, and before January 1, 2007; and (2) in respect of the employee's interest in a bankruptcy claim against the airline carrier.

In determining the amount that may be contributed to a Roth IRA, any reduction in the airline payment on account of employment tax withholding is disregarded. A "qualified airline employee" is an employee or former employee of a commercial passenger airline who was a participant in a qualified defined benefit plan maintained by the airline carrier that was terminated or became subject to the benefit accrual and other restrictions applicable to plans maintained by commercial passenger airlines.

Effective February 14, 2012, under the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 ("The Act") certain qualified airline employees may rollover or recharacterize to a Traditional IRA in lieu of a Roth IRA. The Act permits 'qualified airline employees' and their surviving spouses, who received an 'airline payment amount', and did not roll over any portion of such payment to a Roth IRA:

- To rollover now to a Traditional IRA 90% of the payment received, and the amount rolled over is excludible from income in the taxable year payment was made;
- The rollover must take place within 180 days after the receipt of the 'airline payment amount' or within 180 days of February 14, 2012, the date of enactment i.e. August 13, 2012, whichever is later.

Additionally, the Act permits 'qualified airline employees' and their surviving spouses who contributed all or a portion of an 'airline payment amount' previously to a Roth IRA:

- To recharacterize up to 90% of such amounts, to a traditional IRA;
- The recharacterization transfer must be made within 180 days of February 14, 2012, the date of enactment i.e. August 13, 2012;
- The IRA owner can then claim a refund of the Federal taxes they previously paid on such transferred funds if made under certain time frames;
- The amount rolled over will be excluded from income in the taxable year payment was made;
- The transfer must be 'trustee to trustee';
- The contribution amount (including any net income allocable to it), rolled into the traditional IRA, will be deemed to have been rolled over at the time of the rollover to the ROTH.

The Act does not apply to employees who in the taxable year or any preceding years, when payment were made, were chief executive officers ("CEO") or one of the 4 highest compensated officers (other than the CEO), whose total compensation had to be reported to shareholders (as required by Securities and Exchange Commission Act of 1934). The PATH Act of 2015 extended this rollover deadline to 180 days after enactment or until June 15, 2016.

**Special Rules for Nonspouse Beneficiaries** – For distributions prior to 2007, any distribution from a Designated Roth Contribution Account to a beneficiary other than a surviving spouse was not eligible to be rolled over to a Roth IRA. Beginning in 2007, eligible rollover distributions from a Designated Roth Contribution Account payable to a nonspouse beneficiary are eligible for direct rollover into an Inherited Roth IRA. Such amounts must be paid in the form of a direct rollover, rather than a distribution and subsequent rollover. Thus, if the distribution is paid directly by the plan to the nonspouse beneficiary, no rollover is permitted. Also, the Roth IRA receiving the direct rollover must be an Inherited Roth IRA, rather a Roth IRA owned by the nonspouse beneficiary. The Inherited Roth IRA is subject to the same required minimum distributions that apply to beneficiaries under the employer's plan and carries over to the Inherited Roth IRA must be established and titled in a manner that identifies it as a Roth IRA with respect to a deceased individual and also identifies the deceased individual and the beneficiary, for example, "Tom Smith as beneficiary of John Smith".

For these purposes, a nonspouse beneficiary includes an individual beneficiary and a trust beneficiary that meets the special "look through" rules under the IRS regulations. A nonindividual beneficiary (such as an estate or charity) or a non-look through trust is not eligible for direct rollover. Any required minimum distributions applicable to the employer's plan for the year in which the direct rollover occurs and any prior year is not eligible for direct rollover.

Conversion from a Traditional IRA or an Employer Plan to a Roth IRA – Prior to 2010, you are permitted to make a qualified rollover contribution from a traditional IRA or an employer plan to a Roth IRA if your Modified AGI (not including the taxable amount converted) for the year during which the distribution is made does not exceed \$100,000 and you are not a married person filing a separate tax return. This is called a "conversion" and may be done at any time without waiting the usual 12 months. After 2009, the conversion eligibility requirements are eliminated. For conversions that occurred no later than 12/31/2017, you are also permitted to recharacterize a conversion made to a Roth IRA if the amount plus earnings is transferred back to a traditional IRA before your tax filing deadline including extensions for the year the amount was distributed from the traditional IRA that was converted to the Roth IRA. Recharacterizations were repealed beginning with conversions that occur in 2018 and subsequent years.

Taxation in Completing a Conversion from a Traditional IRA or an Employer Plan to a Roth IRA - If you complete a conversion from a traditional IRA or an employer plan to a Roth IRA, the conversion amount (to the extent taxable) is generally included in your gross income for the year during which the distribution is made that is converted to a Roth IRA. However, the 10% additional income tax for premature distributions does not apply. For taxable conversions made during 1998, you may include the taxable amount of the traditional IRA distribution in income "ratably" over a four-tax-year period beginning in 1998, or include the entire taxable amount of the traditional IRA distribution in income the year of the conversion. Any taxable conversions from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA after 1998 will be fully includible in income the year in which you receive the distribution that is converted to a Roth IRA. If a taxpayer converts an eligible plan to a Roth IRA in 2010, the entire taxable amount of the conversion can be either: (a) included in gross income for the year of the conversion or (b) included in gross income by including only ½ of the taxable amount the year following the conversion and the remaining ½ of the taxable amount the next year.

Reconversions - Once an amount has been properly converted and then is recharacterized back to a traditional IRA, any subsequent conversion of that amount is called a "reconversion". Effective January 1, 2000 through 2017, an IRA owner who converts an amount from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA during any taxable year and then recharacterizes that amount back to a traditional IRA may not reconvert that amount from the traditional IRA to a Roth IRA before the later of: (a) the taxable year following the taxable year in which the amount was first converted to a Roth IRA; or, (b) the end of the 30-day period beginning on the day on which the IRA owner recharacterizes the amount from the Roth IRA back to a traditional IRA. Any amount previously converted is adjusted for subsequent net income in determining the amount subject to the limitation on subsequent reconversions. Since adverse tax consequences could arise, it is recommended that you seek the advice of your own tax advisor. Beginning in 2018, since recharacterizations of conversions no longer apply, reconversions will also no longer apply.

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**Death of Taxpayer** - With respect to 1998 conversions to which the 4-year income spread applied, if the taxpayer dies before including the taxable amounts in income over a 4-year period, all remaining taxable amounts will be included in gross income on the return filed on behalf of the decedent for the taxable year of death. However, if the surviving spouse of such deceased Roth IRA participant is the sole beneficiary of all of the decedent's Roth IRAs, the surviving spouse may elect to continue including the remaining amount in income over the 4-year period as if the surviving spouse were the Roth IRA owner. Conversions in 2010 that are subject to the 2-year income spread are treated in this same manner.

**Income Acceleration** - If a distribution is deemed from a 1998 conversion amount and the taxpayer is spreading the distribution over four years, a special rule applies. If such distribution occurs before all taxable conversion amounts have been included in income, such distribution is accelerated in gross income for that year in addition to that year's one-fourth amount until the original taxable conversion amount has been includible in gross income. These same rules apply to 2010 conversions subject to the 2-year income spread.

**Change in Status** - A change in filing status or a divorce does not affect the application of the 4-year spread for 1998 conversions. Thus, if a married Roth IRA participant who is using the 4-year spread and who was married in 1998 subsequently files separately or divorces before the full taxable conversion has been included in gross income, the remainder of the taxable conversion must be included in the owner's gross income over the remaining years in the 4-year period, unless accelerated due to a distribution or death. These same rules apply to 2010 conversions subject to the 2-year income spread.

**Substantially Equal Payments** - If a taxpayer converts a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA where the traditional IRA was subject to the substantially equal periodic payment exception, the same periodic payments must continue from the Roth IRA. However, for 1998 conversions where the taxpayer is using the 4-year spread rule, the payments from the Roth IRA will be subject to the income acceleration rule. Thus, in addition to the normal 1/4th amount, the substantially equal amount is also includible in the participant's gross income for each year until the full taxable conversion has been so included. This rule also applies to 2010 conversions subject to the 2-year income spread.

Types of Plans Permitted to be Converted - Traditional regular IRAs, Rollover "conduit" IRAs, and SEP IRAs may be converted to a Roth IRA, so long as the taxpayer meets the eligibility requirements until 2010 when the conversion eligibility rules were eliminated. A SIMPLE IRA may also be converted to a Roth IRA, but only after such SIMPLE IRA is no longer subject to the 2-year holding period applicable to SIMPLE IRAs. Also, qualified plans §403(b) plans and governmental §457(b) plans may be converted to a Roth IRA.

Required Minimum Distributions - Any required minimum amount must first be distributed before any of the remaining amount can be converted to the Roth IRA.

#### **DISTRIBUTIONS FROM A ROTH IRA**

Taxation of Distributions - "Qualified distributions" are neither subject to Federal income tax nor the 10% additional income tax for premature distributions. Nonqualified distributions are taxable to the extent such distribution is attributable to the income earned in the account. When you start withdrawing from your Roth IRA, you may take the distributions in regular payments, random withdrawals or in a single sum payment.

**Qualified Distributions** - A Qualified Distribution is one that is both made:

- 1. on or after you attain age 591/2;
- 2. to a beneficiary after your death;
- 3. on account of you becoming disabled (defined under Section 72(m)(7) IRC); or
- 4. for qualified first time homebuyer expenses.

AND made after the end of the five year period beginning with the taxable year for which you first make any contribution to a Roth IRA.

If your first contribution is a conversion from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA, the five year period begins with the year in which the conversion was made from the first IRA. If your first contribution is a regular contribution, the five year period begins with the year for which the contribution was made. You may maintain only one Roth IRA plan which accepts regular contributions and conversions. Additional contributions or conversions in subsequent years will not start the running of another five year period for purposes of determining whether or not you have received a "Qualified Distribution". If the entire Roth IRA account balance is distributed before any other Roth IRA contributions are made, the 5-year aging period does not start over when future contributions are made.

However, if any of the following situations occur, the 5-year aging period has not yet started:

- 1. the initial Roth IRA contribution is revoked within its first 7-day period;
- 2. the initial Roth IRA contribution is recharacterized to a traditional IRA; or
- 3. an excess contribution, plus earnings, is timely distributed in accordance with section 408(d)(4), by the tax filing deadline including extensions, unless other eligible contributions were made.

**Nonqualified Distributions** - Distributions from a Roth IRA which are made as a nonqualified distribution are treated as made from contributions to the Roth IRA to the extent that such distribution, when added to all previous distributions from the Roth IRA (whether or not they were qualified distributions), and reduced by the taxable amount of such previous distributions, does not exceed the aggregate amount of contributions to the Roth IRA.

In other words, nonqualified distributions are treated as taken from the nontaxable portion first (the contributions) until the aggregate distributions exceed the aggregate contributions. When the aggregate distribution for taxation purposes. The portion of the nonqualified distribution that represents earnings will be taxable and subject to the 10% additional income tax for premature distributions, unless an exception applies. You are responsible for keeping records on the contributions you make to your Roth IRA and for figuring any taxable, nonqualified distributions from your Roth IRA.

**Distributions Made Before the End of the Five Year Period** - Distributions taken before the end of the five year period are taxable (to the extent you receive the earnings attributable) and are subject to the 10% additional income tax if the participant is not age 59½. However, the 10% additional income tax is avoided if the distribution meets any one of the exceptions under Section 72(t).

**Recapture of the 10% Additional Tax** - The 10% additional tax on early distributions will apply to conversions if the taxpayer is deemed to withdraw any portion of the taxable conversion amount before the end of the five year period commencing the year of conversion contribution, unless an exception under Section 72(t) applies. This is true even if none of the distribution is otherwise taxable.

401 E. 8TH STREET, SUITE 200H SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA 57103 TOLL FREE: 888-857-8058

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**Basis Recovery Rules for Distributions from Different IRA Plans** - The taxation of distributions from a Roth IRA shall be treated separately from the taxation of a distribution from other IRA plans. In other words, nondeductible contributions made to your traditional IRA will continue to be recovered tax-free on a ratable basis.

**Ordering Rules** - Distributions from any of your Roth IRAs are to be "deemed" withdrawn in the following order: first from Roth IRA contributions (other than conversions); second from converted amounts on a first-in, first-out basis (with the taxable conversion amount first and then the nontaxable conversion amount); and last from the earnings. In determining these ordering rules, any amount distributed from an individual's Roth IRA is determined as of the end of a taxable year and exhausting each category before moving to the next category. The taxpayer will be required to keep track of these ordering provisions by using IRS Form 8606.

**Multiple Beneficiaries** - At the Roth IRA owner's death and where multiple beneficiaries are named, each type of contribution must be allocated to each beneficiary on a pro-rata basis. Thus, for example, if a Roth IRA owner dies when the Roth IRA contains a regular contribution of \$2,000, a conversion contribution of \$6,000 and earnings of \$1,000, and the owner leaves his Roth IRA equally to four children, each child will receive one quarter of each type of contribution. Pursuant to the ordering rules, an immediate distribution of \$2,000 to one of the children will be deemed to consist of \$500 of regular contributions, and \$1,500 of conversion contributions.

For purposes of the ordering rules upon distribution, a beneficiary's inherited Roth IRAs may not be aggregated with any other Roth IRAs maintained by such beneficiary, except for other Roth IRAs that the beneficiary inherited from the same decedent. However, if the surviving spouse is the sole beneficiary of a Roth IRA and such surviving spouse elects to treat the Roth IRA as his or her own Roth IRA, the spouse can aggregate contributions with his or her other Roth IRAs for purposes of determining the ordering rules when distributions are taken. The term "spouse as sole beneficiary" means either the only primary beneficiary of the entire plan, or the only primary beneficiary of a segregated portion of the plan.

**Premature Distributions** - If you are under age 59½ and receive a "nonqualified" distribution from your Roth IRA, a 10% additional income tax will apply to the taxable portion (generally the earnings portion) of the distribution unless the distribution is received due to death; disability; a qualifying rollover distribution; the timely withdrawal of the principal amount of an excess; substantially equal periodic payments; certain medical expenses; health insurance premiums paid by certain unemployed individuals; qualified higher education expenses; qualified first time homebuyer expenses; due to an IRS levy; qualified hurricane distributions received prior to January 1, 2007; qualified disaster recovery assistance distributions; or qualified reservist distributions.

**Required Distributions** - Unlike a traditional IRA, you are not required to begin distributions when you attain age 70½. Also, the incidental death benefit requirements (referred to as MDIB) do not apply to the Roth IRA.

**Death Distributions** - If you die and you have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your Roth IRA will be distributed to your beneficiary over the beneficiary's single life expectancy. These distributions must commence no later than December 31st of the calendar year following the calendar year of your death. However, if your spouse is your sole beneficiary, these distributions are not required to commence until the December 31st of the calendar year you would have attained the age of 701/2, if that date is later than the required commencement date in the previous sentence. If you die and you do not have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your Roth IRA must be distributed no later than the December 31st of the calendar year that contains the fifth anniversary of your death.

#### PROHIBITED TRANSACTIONS WITH A ROTH IRA

If you or your beneficiary engage in a prohibited transaction (as defined under Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code) with your Roth IRA, it will lose its tax exemption and you must include the taxable portion of your account in your gross income for that taxable year and may also be subject to the 10% additional tax. If you pledge any portion of your Roth IRA as collateral for a loan, the amount so pledged will be treated as a distribution and the taxable portion will be included in your gross income for that year and may also be subject to the 10% additional tax.

#### **ADDITIONAL TAXES AND PENALTIES**

If you are under age 59½ and receive a nonqualified premature distribution from your Roth IRA, an additional 10% income tax will apply on the taxable amount of the distribution (generally the earnings portion only), unless an exception under Section 72(t) applies. A 10% additional tax will be assessed if you are under age 59½ if you are deemed to withdraw any portion of a conversion that you made to your Roth IRA before five years have lapsed from the conversion year, even if such distribution is otherwise nontaxable. If you make an excess contribution to your Roth IRA and it is not corrected on a timely basis, an excise tax of 6% is imposed on the excess amount. This tax will apply each year to any part or all of the excess which remains in your account.

If you should die, and the appropriate required death distributions are not made from your Roth IRA, an excise tax of 50% is assessed to your beneficiary based upon the difference between the amount that should have been distributed and the amount that was actually distributed. You may be required to file IRS Form 5329 with the Internal Revenue Service for any year an additional tax is due.

#### **INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING**

All withdrawals from your Roth IRA (except the earnings attributable to a return of excess contributions) are not subject to Federal income tax withholding.

#### **TRANSFERS**

A direct transfer of all or a portion of your funds is permitted from this Roth IRA to another Roth IRA or visa versa. Transfers do not constitute a distribution since you are never in receipt of the funds. The monies are transferred directly to the new trustee or custodian. Transfers are neither subject to the 12-month restriction nor the 60 day rollover period usually associated with rollovers.

If you should transfer all or a portion of your Roth IRA to your former spouse's Roth IRA under a divorce decree (or under a written instrument incident to divorce) or separation instrument, you will not be deemed to have made a taxable distribution, but merely a transfer. The portion so transferred will be treated at the time of the transfer as the Roth IRA of your spouse or former spouse.

If your spouse is the beneficiary of your Roth IRA, in the event of your death, your spouse may "assume" your Roth IRA. The assumed Roth IRA is then treated as your surviving spouse's Roth IRA.

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**Qualified Charitable Distributions** - If a Roth IRA owner is exactly age 70½ or over, the Roth IRA owner may direct the Roth IRA trustee or custodian to transfer up to \$100,000 per year from the Roth IRA to a qualified charity. Such transfer will not be subject to Federal income taxes. Qualified Charitable Distributions may also be made by a beneficiary who is exactly age 70½ or over. Qualified Charitable Distributions are not subject to Federal income tax withholding. On-going SEP IRAs or SIMPLE IRAs are not permitted to be transferred under this rule.

The amount transferred will be treated as coming from the taxable portion of the Roth IRA and will be an exception to the ordering rules applicable to distributions from Roth IRAs. The tax-free transfer to a qualified charity applies only if the Roth IRA owner could otherwise receive a charitable deduction with respect to the transferred amount. In other words, it must be made to a qualified charitable organization that the taxpayer would have otherwise been able to take a tax deduction for making the charitable contribution. However, since such transfer will be tax-free, the taxpayer may not also take a charitable deduction on his or her tax return.

This provision is effective with respect to distributions transferred directly to a qualified charity beginning in 2006 through the end of 2009. The Tax Relief, Unemployment Compensation Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010 extended Qualified Charitable Distributions for 2010 and 2011 under the same rules that originally applied. Eligible taxpayers who make a Qualified Charitable Distribution during January 2011 may elect to treat such Qualified Charitable Distribution as made on December 31, 2010. On January 2, 2013, the President signed the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 ("ATRA") which extended QCDs through the end of 2013 and on December 16, 2014, the President signed the Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 to extend QCDs through the end of 2014 only. On December 18, 2015, the Protecting Americans from Tax Hikes Act of 2015 ("PATH") was signed into law and extended QCDs permanently retroactively for the 2015 year.

Although the Roth IRA trustee or custodian must pay the Qualified Charitable Distribution directly to the qualified charity, the taxpayer is responsible for substantiating and reporting the Qualified Charitable Distribution on his or her Federal income tax return. The trustee or custodian of the Roth IRA will report the amount transferred on IRS Form 1099-R as if the Roth IRA owner withdrew the money. After the Roth IRA trustee or custodian issues the payment in the name of the charity, the trustee or custodian may deliver the payment to the Roth IRA owner, who then would deliver the payment to the charity.

**Qualified HSA Funding Distribution** - Beginning for contributions made for 2007 and thereafter, a special one-time, tax-free transfer from a Roth IRA to an HSA is permitted. This one-time transfer counts toward the eliqible individual's HSA contribution limit for the year of the transfer.

Prior to 2007, if a Roth IRA owner wanted to use the money in a Roth IRA to make an annual HSA contribution, any nonqualified distribution from the Roth IRA was taxable (to the extent attributable to the earnings) and subject to the 10% additional tax if the individual was under the age of 59½. Prior law did not provide for a tax-free transfer from a Roth IRA to an HSA.

Beginning for annual HSA contributions made for 2007 or thereafter, an HSA-eligible individual may make an irrevocable once-in-a-lifetime, tax-free "qualified HSA Funding distribution" from a Roth IRA to an HSA, subject however to strict requirements. The amount of the HSA funding distribution must be made in the form of a Custodian-to-Custodian transfer from the IRA to the HSA. The amount of the transfer cannot exceed the maximum HSA contribution limit for the year that the amount is transferred. Consequently, this one-time transfer from a Roth IRA to an HSA counts toward the individual's total HSA contribution limit for the year depending upon the type of coverage under the HDHP (self-only or family).

#### FEDERAL ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES

Generally there is no specific exclusion for Roth IRAs under the Federal estate tax rules. Therefore, in the event of your death, the value of your Roth IRA will be includible in your gross estate for Federal estate tax purposes. However, if your surviving spouse is the beneficiary of your Roth IRA, the value of your Roth IRA may qualify for the marital deduction available under Section 2056 of the Internal Revenue Code. A transfer of property for Federal gift tax purposes does not include an amount which a beneficiary receives from a Roth IRA plan.

#### IRS APPROVAL AS TO FORM

This Roth IRA Custodial Agreement has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service as to form. This is not an endorsement of the plan in operation or of the investments offered.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

You may obtain further information on Roth IRAs and traditional IRAs from your District Office of the Internal Revenue Service. In particular, you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 590-A, Contributions to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), and 590-B, Distributions from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

#### **ROTH IRA FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

In General - IRS regulations require the Custodian to provide you with a financial projected growth of your Roth IRA account based upon certain assumptions.

Growth in the Value of Your Roth IRA - Growth in the value of your Roth IRA is neither guaranteed nor projected. The value of your Roth IRA will be computed by totaling the fair market value of the assets credited to your account. At least once a year the Custodian will send you a written report stating the current value of your Roth IRA assets. The Custodian shall disclose separately a description of:

- 1. the type and amount of each charge;
- 2. the method of computing and allocating earnings, and
- 3. any portion of the contribution, if any, which may be used for the purchase of life insurance.

Custodian Fees - The Custodian may charge reasonable fees or compensation for its services and it may deduct all reasonable expenses incurred by it in the administration of your Roth IRA, including any legal, accounting, distribution, transfer, termination or other designated fees. Any charges made by the Custodian will be separately disclosed on an attachment hereto. Such fees may be charged to you or directly to your custodial account. In addition, depending on your choice of investment vehicles, you may incur brokerage commissions attributable to the purchase or sale of assets.